

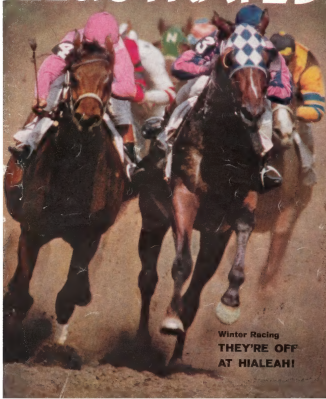
SPORTS ILLUSTRATED

JANUARY 29, 1989

America's National Sports Weekly

35 CENTS

\$7.00 A YEAR



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The Greatest of Everything Next!



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This Dodge car was built for the man who looks ahead and thinks ahead.

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TO DEMONSTRATE THE ADVANTAGES OF MEMBERSHIP IN *The RCA Victor Society of Great Music*

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE Book-of-the-Month Club

As a beginning member you may choose
either of these multi-record albums—
each indispensable in a well-balanced record library



69 BELOVED WORKS OF CHOPIN

Polonaises, Waltzes, Nocturnes,
Impromptus, Preludes

PLAYED BY

Artur Schnabel

SIX 12-INCH 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ R.P.M. RECORDS \$3⁹⁸

(NATIONALLY ADVERTISED PRICE \$59.95)



Arturo Toscanini CONDUCTS BEETHOVEN'S Nine Symphonies

WITH THE NBC SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA

SEVEN 12-INCH 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ R.P.M. RECORDS \$3⁹⁸

(NATIONALLY ADVERTISED PRICE \$59.95)



THE SOLE CONDITION OF MEMBERSHIP IS TO BUY SIX ADDITIONAL RECORDS FROM THE SOCIETY DURING THE NEXT YEAR

The common-sense purpose of the Society is to help music lovers build up an excellent record library systematically instead of haphazardly . . . and at an immense saving

AN INTRODUCTORY OFFER • Most music lovers, in the back of their minds, certainly intend to build up for themselves a representative record library of the World's Great Music. Unfortunately, almost always they are haphazard in carrying out this aspiration. Because of their systematic collection, operating costs can be greatly reduced. The remarkable Introductory Offer shows in a dramatic demonstration. It can represent around a 40% saving the first year.

• After their sixth purchase, continuing members can build up their record libraries at **glorious ONE THIRD SAVING**. For every two records purchased (from a group of at least fifty made available annually by the Society) members will receive a third new Victor Red Seal Record free.

• A cardinal feature of the plan is **GUARANTEE**. The Society has a Selection Panel whose sole function is to recommend "must-have" works for members. Members of the panel are: **HEINZ TAYLOR**, composer and administration, Chae-

ron; **SAMUEL DOHENY**, General Music Director, San Jacinto National Bank and music critic; **JOHN M. CONYER**, editor of *Met*; **FELIX JARON COPLAND**, composer; **ALGER HARRINGTON**, music editor of *San Francisco Chronicle*; **DOUGLAS MOORE**, composer and Professor of Music, Columbia University; **WILLIAM SCHUMAN**, composer and president of Juillard School of Music; **CARLETON SPRAGUE SMITH**, chief of Music Division, N. Y. Public Library; **W. WALLACE WOODWARD**, Professor of Music, Harvard University.

HOW THE SOCIETY OPERATES

Even now, there are more (black 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ R.P.M.) new Victor Red Seal Records than announced to members. One is singled out as the record of the month and, unless the Society is otherwise instructed (on a simple form always provided), this record is sent to the member. If the member does not want the work, he may specify an alternate, or instruct the Society to send him nothing. For every record purchased, members pay only \$4.98, the nationally advertised price. Offer easily depicts a small charge for postage and handling is added.)

THE VICTOR Society of Great Music VSM-1
c/o Book-of-the-Month Club, Inc.
240 Hudson Street, New York 14, N. Y.

Please indicate by an X whether you are a member of The RCA Victor Society of Great Music and send me immediately the first Victor album chosen below, valued at \$4.98 (plus a small charge for postage and handling). I agree to buy six additional records within twelve months from those made available for the Society. For each of which I will be paying the full price for records advertised (plus a small charge for postage and handling). Furthermore, I agree that after this first week's records are sent, two records must be purchased and that after twelve months (beginning the second year) the Society may, at its discretion, offer to sell me any record, the price to be determined by the Society. I will receive a third new Victor Red Seal Record, free.

☐ THE NEW BEETHOVEN SYMPHONIES

☐ BEETHOVEN'S NINE SYMPHONIES

NAME _____
LAST FIRST _____
ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ STATE _____

PHONE _____

MAIL TO: _____

NOTE: If you are not a member, please fill in blank.

AGREEMENT TO BUY _____

PLEASE NOTE: Records can be returned only to the Society of the N. Y. and N. J. branches, and please do not return records to the Society of the N. Y. and N. J. branches.

Cover Photo by John G. Thompson



The opening of the Hialeah race track in Miami always signals the start of a new racing year for eastern fans. On page 32 William Leggett explores a first glimpse of 1959.

Photograph by John G. Thompson

Next week

SPORTS ILLUSTRATED



► Athletes like Ireland's Ben Hickey pose a severe threat to U.S. world supremacy in track. Ten Minute explores the challenge and among the current indoor track campaigns.

► This is the time of the basketball fever in thousands of small towns across the nation. Gerald Hefland visits Parkersville, Ill. and covers a crucial high school game.

► The winter fishing season is upon us. As part of a continuing series, SPORTS ILLUSTRATED presents a report on the legends, the "white boy" of the salt-water shadfish.

SPORTS ILLUSTRATED is published weekly by TIME Inc., 400 Madison Ave., Chicago 17, Ill. This issue is published in a National, English, French, and West Coast edition. Second-class postage paid at Chicago, Ill., and at additional mailing offices. Subscriptions: U.S. & Canada \$1.50 per year.

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Jimmy Jemil's HOTBOX



THE QUESTION: *Who is the greatest putter you ever saw (cocked at Doralis Beach Hotel)?*



FRED CONCORAN
Aspen, N.Y.
Tournament director
Intl. Golf Assn.

I've seen Bobby Jones, Francis Ouimet, Walter Hagen, Ben Hogan, Gene Sarazen. No golfer ever admits he is a great putter. Sam Snead always says, "If I could only putt." Probably the greatest putter I've ever seen in championship play was Horton Smith, who won the Masters twice and over 50 PGA and sectional tournaments.



SHELLY MAYFIELD
Jencks, N.Y.
P's n' Honors
Brook Club

In my opinion, Johnny Palmer was the best of them. Every time the ball came off his putter it rolled true, never more than six inches from the cup. And he always putted beyond, never short of, the cup. In other words, he always putted far enough so that if the ball was on the correct line, and it usually was, it would finish in the hole.

continued

READING THE MALE MIND



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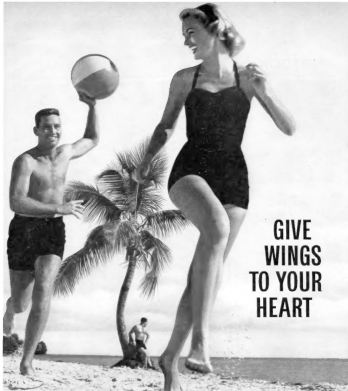
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ED SNOLEY
*Jerardo, P.R.
Pro at the Honolulu
North golf club*

Bobby Jones. He excelled on the green. He holed an over-300-foot putt at St. Andrews and they're still talking about it. He also holed a 40-footer which was not a straight putt but over a bump, uphill and slightly sidehill on the 18th hole and lost part of the National Open at Interlachen, Minn.



DOUG FORD
*Yonkers, N.Y.
Golf pro*

Bobby Locke. He won the British Open four times and beat everyone here, including Hogan and Snead. With his great set of nerves, he made more putts than any man I ever saw. He had a fine sense of touch, the best 18-foot-in gutter I ever saw, and he'd get the 20- and 30-footers, too.



ROBERT E. STANSBRIDGE JR.
*Philadelphia
Honorary chairman
U.S. Polo Assn.*

The best was Bobby Jones, whom I used to see play at the Merion Cricket Club outside Philadelphia. I saw a lot of great putters—Ben Huger, Byron Nelson, Walter Hagen, a great putter in the club, but none of them compared with Bobby Jones, with his putter, Callaway Jaws.



FRED WHITMAN
*San Francisco
Real estate investor*

I'm shaking my neck out because, with six hands, the guys I guess are are going to cut my throat. But I can't name anyone but Harold Ward. He sinks more putts from any direction than anyone I've ever seen. This ability, with his even temperament, adds up to a great game from the tee to the green.



JAMES WEAR WALKER
*Henderson, N.Y.
Son of Walter
Cup winner*

Herbert Milburn Jr., the greatest of all amateur putters. He holed them when he had 'rs. Milburn was the wildest golfer in the world, diving all over the course and in the traps, but on the green he was great. Another great putter is Dizzy Dean, no narrative with a putter as he was with a baseball.



FREDERICK M. EATON
*Dublin, N.Y.
Lawyer*

The greatest amateur putter I ever saw was Joe Clear of Toledo, Ohio and Dublin, N.Y. He was the only player I ever saw play 17 one-putt greens in one round. And I would say that James Wear Walker is probably as good an amateur putter. The greatest of all pro putters was Ted Ray of England.



ALSTON BOYER
*Hamlet, N.Y.
Hotel executive
Hamlet, P.R.*

Vice-president of the Piping Rock Club in Locust Valley, N.Y. for years, the late Joseph E. Davis was a superb putter. He wasn't a pro, but he could sink the ball from any spot on the green. Everyone called him The Wizard. I used to swear he compounded a secret potion for his big wooden putter.



A. RUSSELL PORGAN
*Chicago
Investment broker*

A man who played before you were born, Walter J. Travis. Why? Because he holed more putts in championship play. He made his reputation on the greens. Travis didn't start to play golf until he was 25. He was the first American to win the British Amateur and he won it with his putter.

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COMING EVENTS

January 23 to January 29
Continued A-63

• Club Selection • Television • Other Events

Friday, January 23

- BASEBALL** (cont.)
1 East-West All-Star game, Detroit, 10 p.m. (ABC)
2 **BOXING**
 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
3 **WRESTLING**
 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
4 **WRESTLING**
 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
5 **WRESTLING**
 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)

Saturday, January 24

- BASEBALL** (cont.)
1 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
2 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
3 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
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30 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
31 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)

Sunday, January 25

- BASEBALL** (cont.)
1 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)
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Monday, January 26

- BASEBALL** (cont.)
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Tuesday, January 27

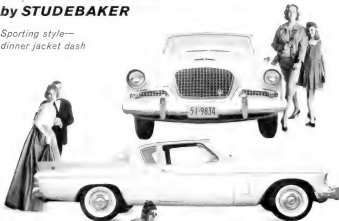
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31 "Heavyweight" vs. "Heavyweight" (cont.)

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with alacrity, too; large brakes turn
the trick. This is the Silver Hawk.
It's Studebaker's wonderful way to
make motoring a sport. It's Studebaker's
daring design for persons who would
rather not run with the crowd.*



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INGO IS THE MAN FOR

In boxing, times have changed. The IBC's monopoly is over, and the leading heavyweight challenger is a handsome, tax-saving Swedish businessman with a very good right hand

by MARTIN KANE

THREE MEN three men last week at Earl's Court, London's famous arena, who had a chance to fight Floyd Patterson for the heavyweight championship of the world. One was Brian London, holder of the Great Britain and Empire title, a braver who has Bob Hope's prominent chin, Sir Aubrey Smith's prominent

nose and the latter-day Bing Crosby's prominent belly. Another was the challenger, Henry Cooper, who had stopped London in one round almost three years before, a fellow with a stately style and a sturdy jab. The third was Ingemar Johansson, a spectator in a dinner jacket.

Circumstances alter cases and faces.

Cooper, who won, came out of the fight so cut about the eyes that he probably will not be able to fight again until June. That had been the time planned for a Floyd Patterson-Johansson bout, which was to have been preceded by a Patterson-Cooper fight in March, assuming Cooper won, because Patterson, sluggish from inactivity, sorely needs to sharpen his weapons before taking on a man of Johansson's ability. Now chaos prevails. Cooper must be allowed time to heal, and the schedule looks like something the Long Island Rail Road would improvise in a blizzard.

London, who had been the pre-fa-

BATTERED HENRY COOPER WON BLOODY BOUT FROM BRIAN LONDON BUT INGLAND HE RECEIVED WORST JOHANSSON'S PUNISH



1959

Smith, was lightning, scintillating, swift, intelligent, loving and loving. He may never be seen again, and, if so, the world will not have lost a great loss.

Johnson, who had already beaten Cooper, had just been installed publicly by the newly London, who refused to shake hands with him when they were introduced at the ring before the bout. As a result, Johnson's Swedish blood started bleeding tears apart. Throughout the fight, which went 15 rounds to a blood-spattered decision, he told Cooper. Afterwards, he issued a terse statement to the press.

"London is a bum," he said.

The best prizefighter in Sweden's history is a former street paver who disappeared not only of Brian Laid, then but also of Perseus and modern art, a hardheaded businessman with a blonde secretary and downtown suits of office, and a handsome, dimplefaced young fellow of 26 who looks very like the Swedishman to Bangor Piel. As this was much Ingemar Johansson a Swedish hero, the protégé of his own very own, and his own intelligence, and very attractive to women. He himself has a very pretty girl friend, but he believes that prizefighters should remain.

He is, you might say, a conservative type but with hidden contradictions. There is no reason in the world, a certain space and time and study until a certain moment arrives when he decides that a large, handsome, and a very handsome in throwing a right hand at his opponent's post. It was this that he did last September against Ben As Marton, then the former No. 1 by losing the challenge to Floyd Patterson's title.

The outcome, one from Johnson was the most devastating right-hand punch of any heavy weight currently



CHAMPION JOHANSSON, who's probably already ready for the Cooper-London bout, and had, according to Johnson, refused to shake hands with Cooper, said his "father" (Johnson)

practicing. With it, and a sometimes surprising left, he has scored 12 knockouts in 21 professional fights and now wears the heavy weight championship European banner that he earned quite respectably during 1958, when top-rated American heavyweights told before him and Ring-Lard's, outspunk, most.

What's happened? Ingo Johansson, European champion and Gothenburg Ingemarson, thinking: "These days? He is thinking that he would like to add to his already considerable business trappings—he is an earth-moving contractor—by buying a \$100,000 fighting vessel in Holland. The deal is now in progress. These two considerations, sport and business, are

always in his mind and sometimes intermingled.

The Patterson bout is all but certain, despite legislative difficulties that are being ironed out. Terms were discussed thoroughly two weeks ago at Gothenburg's Swedish-American-style Park Tavern hotel in meetings between Bill Rosenzahn, promoter, and Edvin Ahlquist, Johansson's adviser. Lawyers for both Patterson and Johansson were present. The talks were continued later in London before the Lonsdale-Conger fight and in New York this week.

These bargaining sessions were brought about by Johansson's desire to defeat Edvin Ahlquist, Johansson's promoter to Patterson's crown, an achievement which and publicly boosted Ingemar into world prominence. While 61,484 Swedes, who had paid up to 822 ring-side seats less than three minutes of joy, streamed in

Gothenburg's handsome Nya Ullevi outdoor stadium, Ingo knocked out Alachen in the first round, tangling him in the canvas three times. Ever since then Ahlquist, who promoted the fight and has been Johansson's adviser since he was a 16-year-old ingemar knock out an older and stronger heavyweight in his first amateur bout, has been chafing with Carl D'Amato, Patterson's manager. What drove the petulant a distance and a hiccup, negotiations have been sharpened over with the black manager of two-way with the International Boxing Club, which claims prize rights to Johansson and contends, in fact, that it owns a contract selling for Johansson to 1964. March in a return match. Ahlquist argues that he has assigned the contract and that he signed it under the duress of a threat by Markin's manager, Ed Patterson, to pull out of the fight the very day before, when 10,000 tickets had been sold. This is presumed to give Ahlquist some protection against any lawsuit the IBC might bring to stop a Patterson-Johansson fight. But last week the lawyers, as they ran about for all legal responsibilities, continued the fight with increased tension.

Ahlquist, a prosperous publisher of sporting and youth periodicals as well as a fight promoter, has thus come to regard the IBC as a threat with D'Amato.

"I will not fight for the IBC," he said, meaning that he would advise Johansson not to fight for the IBC.

If Johansson never fights again, his type was sold as the Swedish royal family's. The Swedes are thought to be phlegmatic, but their admiration for Ingemar transcended only on the surface. Before and after the night that Ingo went long, before Edvin was ready, and as the presence of the young Crown Prince Carl Gustaf at that, his business has prospered increasingly.

Whereas American prizefighters customarily invest in saloons, the Swedish Ingemar, noting that Gothenburg has a housing shortage, went into the earth-moving business. And, besides, Sweden has no saloons, though I did find a place where it is possible to play a little lily condole. Working class apartment houses of remarkable beauty and utility are springing up all around the city, and Ingemar is getting his share of this and other work.

His investment in high. He owns two

WORLD ATTENTION WAS LARVED BY A FIRST ROUND KNOCKOUT OF BOBBY PATTERSON





JONASSEN LOUNGES ON BEACH WITH FRIEND ERIC LUNDGREN. PRACTICAL, FISH DOUBTS THAT FIGHTERS SHOULD MARRY

entrepillars at a cost of \$99,999 and \$10,000 each, four down strokes—one at \$33,000, two at \$20,000 each and one little \$15,000 number—and two trucks, one at \$20,000 and the other at \$15,000. In addition to his pretty secretary, an employee eight hours each to drive the equipment and patrol in four or five hours a day at the other living-upon-jobs, allowing for minor items like office equipment and business machines, of which he seems to be fond, this adds up to business property worth more than a quarter of a million dollars.

"Naturally," he said, "I did not pay cash for these things. A man would be a fool to do that."

Then, in reasonably good English which he has learned from Hollywood movies and Swedish subtitles, he launched into an intricate explanation of Sweden's income-tax laws. It was too much for the comprehension of a leaving witness. The day seems to be,

though, that Ingemar has received high taxes by investing his profit-making money in business and that such investments are wiped off the income-tax books at the rate of 20% a year, so that in four years with some making to the tax people, 40%, that Joe Louis had been a Swede.

ARE FISHES RIGHT

It was suggested that, although a former street paver might reasonably graduate into the swimming business, it was far wiser to expect that he could find happiness as a commercial fisherman and that respectable hundred-thousand-dollar fishing-boat purchase might be a risky venture. It turned out that this street thought and crossed legs seemed long before. His knowledge of fishing is confined to fly-casting excursions to northern Sweden and Lapland for trout and salmon and to the fact that the Swedes eat an enormous lot of fish,

else why would they produce all that sea-eggplant?

"But," he said, "I have just been talking to the ship broker. It is not so good to buy a fishing boat alone. It is best to buy a man on the boat who had a part in the boat. So I have a relation—how will you say it, he is married to my mother's sister—she has her boat and sold it. He will hold a 25% interest and so will want to catch fish. Five hundred thousand kroner is a lot of money in Sweden, but if you buy a fishing boat, after 20 years it is still there and a little bit more because of the way prices go up. Every boat which goes the north what I pay for it and I will sell fish."

Jonassen, even fish eyes and roach, is young, a kind of white Thundershirt, but he is about to dispose of this swagman for business reasons. He has made a deal with the manufacturer of the Swedish Volvo car line

continued

their product. Hereafter he will be seen only in a Volvo, which is not too bad a fate at that.

At present Ingemar lives in the suburbs in a very modest two-story house of seven rooms, which are so tiny they could probably be contained in the American five-room equivalent. It is the home of his father, a manual laborer for the city of Gothenburg, who is also, technically, Ingemar's manager—thus keeping his money in the family. His brother Rolf, a 33-year-old amateur middleweight who sometimes boxes exhibitions with Ingemar, lives there too, as do his mother, older brother Henry, and a sister. There is a huge grand piano in the living room for the special benefit of Ingemar's Swedish daughter, Jean, who lives nearby with her divorced mother.

The house, situated on a small plot with apple trees, is the most yard, is dictated to Ingemar's taste with the profits of prizefighting. Living-room sofa and chairs are overstuffed velvet in tones of burnt orange and red but much kitchen as a sparkling place, what an American would think of as Swedish modern, with white porcelain and chrome rods everywhere. The kitchen also contains a loudspeaker connected to a transmitter in Ingemar's bedroom. It was a whim of Ingemar that he could thus call down from his bedroom whenever he felt like a snack. His mother has not responded to the idea, though it is clearly efficient.

"She does not think well of it," Ingemar said a little sadly. "She does not like the new ways."

On one wall of the living room there are five paintings, four small and one about three feet high. He bought them after one of the fights he has had in England. Aging brown varnish has obscured the large painting, but the others are bright landscapes and portraits in oil, their predominant colors blue and yellow, very suggestive of the Swedish flag and of the bright skies and grain of Sweden which inspired the flag's colors. Johansson, regarding the paintings fondly, "I do not care for modern painting," he says. As a fly-fisherman and an artist he thinks of Picasso as a tankard of molasses.

On another wall there is a realistic wood carving of a Laglander's head, which Ingemar admires because, he said, "You can see from it that if he knew stuff and that is why I bought it."

A friend of Ingemar insists that he has a taste for modern Swedish and Finnish poetry, but if you ask Ingemar to confirm this his response is the cold stare of a man who feels his private life is being invaded.

"When I was young," he admitted finally, "I wrote poetry. My father and mother liked it but it was no good." He shrugged.

Unless a fight is scheduled he does only light training to keep in shape. On an average day he will be up at 8 o'clock, which is just about sunrise now in this part of Sweden, and will run steadily for about an hour. Breakfast is a cup of coffee. He does not actually eat until one p.m., when he tackles a steak or some chops. He spends evenings and afternoons at his office, "or outside with the machines, talking with the guys who

run them if they are having some trouble." About 5 o'clock he goes to the gym for a brief workout, punching the light and heavy bags, skipping rope but doing no boxing. Then he may have dinner and take in a movie or go dancing with his girl friend, the pretty, chestnut-haired Ragn Johansen, 22, who does not seem to mind at all her boy friend's views on the incompatibility of marriage and prizefighting.

He is building a new house, which would be ready in the spring, and it has been assumed that he would then marry Birgit, whom he refers to as his favorite. But Ingemar says he has no definite plans about that.

"I do not believe I ever should marry," he said. "It is hard for a girl when her husband is away so much. She has to be very understanding. They want to spend be home but I have many exhibitions, so she would be alone most of the year and that's no good."

The new house is American ranch style, quite a new thought for Sweden.

"The Swedes will have to get used to it," Ingemar said.

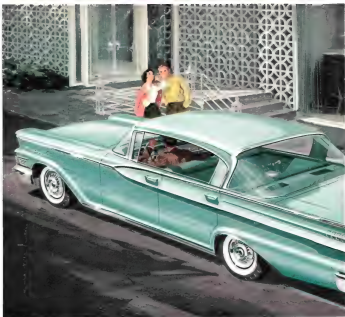
He has been too busy, too ingenuous to learn a golf game, but he has found time to learn to fly and hopes someday to own a small plane, something to take him quickly to the good fishing spots of Scandinavia.

"Business has been good this year, and I have been active," he says. "Many big things they have to start this year, so I think it will be good, too."

Ingemar has his future figured out pretty well. There is an adding machine on his bedroom dresser. It has a used look.

AS CHILD, INGO INGESTED PAID JOINED THREE FRIENDS ON HORSE, AS YOUTH WITH BOBBYHE HE WORKED AS STREET PAYER





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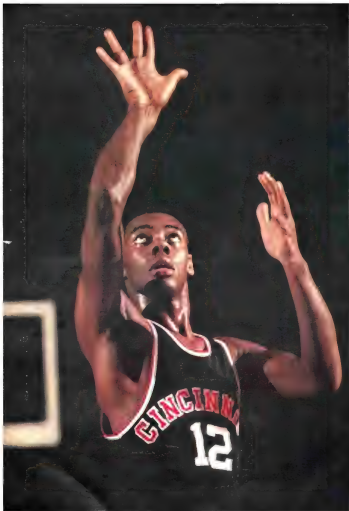
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WHAT PRICE GLORY FOR OSCAR?

At the summit of a fame he has achieved so early, Cincinnati's brilliant Oscar Robertson finds himself unable to relax and enjoy it

by JEREMIAH TAYLOR

CINCINNATIANS raise their eyes with special pride and pleasure these days to the group of hills overlooking the city where sits their fine municipal university. For there, enthroned over city, campus and the national collegiate basketball scene, is the supple sienna-skinned young athlete on the opposite page. He is Oscar Robertson, easily the best all-around player in college today, though most appreciated for the single skill he here demonstrates—a scoring touch that is at once as delicate and precise as the thrust of a surgeon. It is the bright miracle of sport that the hearts of a whole city—occasionally, a nation—can be lifted and quickened by the accomplishments of such a gifted youngster in a single game.

Robertson is 6 feet 4½ inches tall and weighs 195 pounds. There is not an unusual pairing of physical factors,

but in him they are so superbly blended and proportioned, and are driven by such a fasten-fast nervous system, that he achieves the graceful, swift appearance of a large and lithe cat. In the fact, he appears to flow over the hardwood court, bunched protectively over the dribbled ball; in the air, he hangs, magically, for long moments while he decides whether to shoot or pass; in one spot, he is yet in motion, leaning with hands, taking with head, weaving on a pivot. These skills brought him unanimous All-America selection as a sophomore last season, after he had won the national scoring title with an average of 35.1 points per game and a total of 884, both records for a collegian in his first year of competition. Along the way, he also set new marks for NCAA warmmen play, the Missouri Valley Conference, the state of Ohio and for Madison Square Garden, where he scored more points in one game than any player, amateur or professional, before him. Least noticed but probably most important of all is the fact

that he led his own Cincinnati team not only in scoring but in rebounding and assists as well, a combination which reflects his incalculable value as a team player.

In the wake of these achievements, an unprecedented tidal wave of publicity has engulfed him: an endless stream of press, radio and television interviews; magazine and newsreel cameramen; bids for personal appearances; award presentations; to say nothing of the pressing crowds who simply want to meet him, shake his hand and get his autograph. He has been serialized, cataloged, taped, televised, photographed, biographed and recorded. Not a day goes by without at least one interviewer trying to catch him in his one free hour between classes and team practice, or meeting him at an airport en route to a game, or phoning to request such a session. And the remarkable thing is that, in all the means of copy, so little of Oscar Robertson has emerged other than his ability as an athlete.

One reason for this is Robertson himself. Normally diffident and non-committal, he is often completely unresponsive. Local Cincinnati housewives have long since assigned themselves, for example, to the typical Robertson comment after a game: "Well, we won; they lost." (It is worth noting that, because he is naturally warm and friendly and delivers such answers with an engaging smile and a shrug, his lack of responsiveness has not cost him any friends among the press.)

One Cincinnati reporter, Lee Allen of the *Enquirer*, took another tack, followed the trail back to Robertson's home in Indianapolis and from there to the family's origins in Tennessee. He discovered that Oscar's forebears had been slaves and that his great-grandfather, before his death at the age of 118, was considered the oldest living American. Another reporter, Milton Grossman of the *New York Post*, won Robertson's confidence (and, eventually, his friendship) by taking him to meetings with Roy Campanella and Sugar Ray Robinson, and had Robertson tell him that he'd once been a tough little slum kid who had to be tossed off his high school junior varsity team before he learned to behave.

continued

(Photograph by Harold G. Jones)

Printed on this image which has just rolled off his fingertips, Robertson forgets his social and academic problems.

In these two items lie the keys to Robertson's personality and his future actions. He is highly sensitive to the problems he faces daily as a Negro, and he is wholly dedicated to becoming a professional athlete and making a lot of money at it. As noted, these facts have been largely unexplored, likely because they lead relentlessly to the conclusion that Robertson is not happy at Cincinnati and wonders whether he soon will have any reason for staying there. A guest reporter on campus, well treated by Basketball Coach George Smith and Public Relations Man Tom Kleber, both hospitable men and devoted to their athletes, is reluctant to come away with a story which will cause distress to such hosts—indeed, to all of Robertson-worshipping Cincinnati. But the facts are inescapable.

In his Coke-bottle-cluttered dormitory room the other day, Robertson tried to explain this. As he spoke—haltingly, one careful word at a time—he tossed, bounced and fingered the basketball he always keeps in the room. It wasn't, he said, the mere fact that on certain trips with the team he was obliged to take unrequested quarters, or that, "Hell, there's a rail and a movie house just a few steps off campus where I'm not welcome," or the abuse he takes from spectators on certain road games. It was that and more, which he summed up as, "There's no real social life for me here. . . ."

Robertson does not believe that he'd be better off elsewhere, and he does not care to fix the blame. "I'm no crusader. . . . It's a cruddy world. But I can't like it." He is the shining star of a team of basketball players, among whom he cannot forget he is not an equal, though he still not be quoted in the words with which he expresses his true feelings.

Would he be happier playing with the all-Negro Globetrotters? The answer is obvious. "Sure, I'd like to play with them. When they come to town, I go down and sit on the bench, and when I come back afterward people say, 'Hey, we hear you've signed to play with the Trotters.' Well, it's not true. I haven't even talked to anyone about it. But they're a swell bunch, they get to travel all over the world, they put on a good show, have a good time together . . . and make money. Sure, they don't play real basketball. They're putting on a show



ROBERTSON AND HIS MOTHER POSE WITH HIS FAVORITE IN INDIANAPOLIS HOME

and they know it—man, you can't be serious all the time—and they're enjoying themselves."

Watching Robertson's animated face as he says this, it is difficult to doubt that he will one day choose to do the same as Bill Chamberlain did last year—leave school for a year of fun and companionship—*even more* than for Globetrotter cash! before joining the pro basketball league.

The likelihood is increased when it becomes clear that he has lost interest completely in his studies. "Statistics, theories of economics," he says, with a wave at the books on his desk. "I can't work at that stuff. It hares me." He was, it should be noted, an excellent student in high school, a fair student last year and is a good student this year. The decline is the direct result of his growing and now firm conviction that his future lies in basketball, and nothing else.

Finally, it is abundantly clear, though he will not be quoted on this, either, that he has learned everything he can as a college player and has already achieved even more fame than he could have hoped for in order to enhance his status as a professional. This fact, he will admit, was the real reason why he chose Cincinnati

over the 27-old schools that bid for him. Though many other reasons have been offered, Robertson says, "I did want a college close to home. But I also wanted to play with a team that played in New York and Philadelphia and some of those other big places in the East. That's where you get the prestige." And Cincinnati regularly plays such teams as NYU, Temple, Seton Hall, La Salle and St. Joseph's.

Robertson was, of course, right in supposing that nationwide publicity would be his reward for a good performance in Madison Square Garden. On his first visit there, last year, he scored a record 36 points against Seton Hall. And though he was deliberately fed the ball by his teammates in the closing minutes of the game, he dazed the assembled eastern and wire-service writers present with heavy shot and move in the back, and he's been in the hottest headlines, coast to coast, ever since.

There is, Robertson apparently feels, no room further up for him in his present situation. There is only a way out.

If he takes it, much of the glory that is Cincinnati's today will turn to ashes. But it is ashes in Oscar Robertson's mouth already.

END

EVENTS & DISCOVERIES

West, by God, Virginia

WHILE Elgin Baylor, their best player, sat on the bench in his street clothes, the Minneapolis Lakers lost to the Cincinnati Royals 95-81 in Charleston, W. Va. last week.

A few weeks before, Baylor and two other Negro players had been denied rooms at a Charlotte, N.C. hotel where the Lakers had planned to stay. "You fellows can stay here," Baylor heard the room clerk tell a white team-mate, "but the colored boys have to go somewhere else. This is a nice, high-class hotel."

"Bob Short [the Lakers' owner] assured me that this wouldn't happen again," Baylor says. "I told him that if it did, I just wouldn't play." In Charleston it did happen again, so Baylor sat the game out and he said he would do it again, even if it cost him an entire year's salary.

"I still can't figure out what Elgin's so worried about," Short claimed. "We had reservations at the hotel and there was a slip-up of some kind. We had no indication anything like this was going to happen. He should have played. I think it would have been better for him to show he could rise above the situation. If Elgin had played, we would have won. Look at the score."

We have, and we think Baylor played his finest game by sitting firmly on the bench. We think he was something there, and that rising above a situation is often just another way of avoiding it. It would have been easy for him to show Charleston that he is a superior basketball player. But it was a more important and difficult job to accept the responsibility of eminence and to show Charleston, and remind all of us, that he is an average American—proud, uncommon, high-class.

After Musical Jack

WINSTON-SALEM reporters asked Theodore Francis Atkinson, 95, if he could recall the name of the first winner he ever rode, a distant smile would cross his face and he'd say, "Yes, sir. No jockey alive ever forgets that first one. Mine was named Mystical Jack. May 18, 1938. Beulah Park, Columbus, Ohio." The other afternoon, as

he wiggled into a set of purple silk and popped a gold cap on his head, Ted Atkinson had very little idea that he was about to ride his last one: Ven's Boy, January 10, 1989, Tropical Park, Coral Gables, Florida.

He left the jockeys' room and went to the tiny paddock, clapping his whip against his right leg as he walked. Statistically, Ted Atkinson was going

continued



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EVENTS & DISCOVERIES

to join a post parade for the 23,844th time. The start was no different from any other. He ran his left hand up along the back of his head to make sure his cap was on firmly and pulled his riding goggles down over his eyes. The field of nine broke, and he sat on his mount third, three lengths off the leader. At the head of the stretch he was second and by the middle of it he was leading. But Vet's Boy was tiring badly. To his right Atkinson could see a horse striking at his lead, pulling right alongside. He whipped furiously and the two horses went under the wire together. Ted Atkinson and Vet's Boy were the winners—by a nose.

Statistically, it was winner number 3,795 for a fellow who had once been a laborer in the cannery division of the Corning (N.Y.) Glass works. He went out for one more race and finished eighth, but when he reached up to get his saddle and cloth he felt an immense pain in his sacroiliac. As he said later, he "betrayed the pain [revealed it from the back] by the way in which I walked." Later he made a statement: "The people in racing, the owners, trainers and bettors, deserve nothing but the best.

... It's no use going on feeling like I do.... There's no sense riding downhill to nowhere."

Ted Atkinson has gained much respect around the race tracks because he rode horses like Tom Fool, Capot, One Hitter and Hall of Fame, and because he was over \$17 million in purses. But what made him entirely different from every other jockey was a gay tradition which he exposed only when he thought racing needed it. A few years ago, for instance, Rex Ellsworth, owner of Sweaps, called his horse "nothing but a dumb animal." Atkinson, not too much later, was approached in the paddock at Belmont and asked for comment. "I never rode Sweaps," he said, "but I'm sure he's a little bit more intelligent than his owner gives him credit for being. Mr. Ellsworth thinks horses are dumb. Perhaps I'm inclined to be a bit sentimental, but I don't agree. True, I don't suppose that Sweaps can build a Univac, but I don't imagine that Mr. Ellsworth can either."

When he announced his retirement the other day Atkinson said, "It isn't easy to say goodbye to what has been my life for more than two decades.

After all, I've lived out of a trunk for 23 years. I do hope there is still a place for me in racing."

Speaking for an awful lot of people, Theodore, just name the one you'd like.

Song of the Open Road

THE harmless pastime of devising new words for old songs, to one brings more skill or less logic than the characters in the comic strip *Pogo*. A day or so before Christmas they were gathered around what may have been a Yule log but was probably just



a swamp log, joyfully reducing the Christmas carols to the accompaniment of a concertina, a mandolin and a bass drum:

Deck us all with Boston Charlie,
Walks Walks, Wash... and
Kalamazoo!

And then they may have offered inspiration to a man on a bar stool in Los Angeles, who was observed there just the other evening, muttering and humming as he made notes on a small piece of paper. Finally he straightened up, cleared his throat and, reading from his scrap of paper, began to sing. The tune was *Adios Fideles*, but the words went like this:

Porsche Volkswagen
Jaguar Sunbeam Talbot
Ferrari, Ferrari, Triumph MG!

Alfa-Romeo, Franco-Mash
Lambertini,

O Gita Aston Martin,
O Peugeot Aston Martin,
O Daimler Aston Martin,
Mercedes Benz!

If you'll sing it out heartily, pronouncing all the words right, you'll find that the new lyrics fit the old tune perfectly and make an excellent drinking song, especially useful for

They Said It

THE BOLSHEVIK, who arrived at the Harvard-Russia hockey match attired in black coats, black tappers and black beads to cheer the Russians wildly (and later admit through their beads to being Boston University students): "We weren't so much rooting for the Russians as we were rooting against Harvard."

PERRY JONES, re-elected Davis Cup captain, flexing a bit of major-league power muscle for the cause of open tennis: "The International Lawn Tennis Federation fully rejected such a proposal last year, but if the U.S. and Australia could agree on a position, the federation could change its mind."

PAULINE L. DAVIS, Assemblywoman in California, on becoming the first lady chairman of the Committee on Fish and Game: "Many women have used fish and, besides, all of the men first have to get permission from their wives."

RED IRISH, president of the New York Knickerbockers, citing the roughhouse as court: "The smart way to kill the pro game of basketball is to tolerate the kind of rough, overly aggressive type of game they are playing today."

FATHER PEDRO SCHAFFNER, of the Franciscan monastery in Anapolis, Brazil, in a letter to the Armed Forces Radio Service: "Last night because of the Giant-Colt playoff our evening Mass did not begin timely at the scheduled hour, and that is something that never happened before."

that time of evening when the sport matters more than the score.

We have no proof that the composer got his inspiration from Pope. But it is nice to think that he did, and that it took him from Christmas Eve to the second week of January—or somewhat more than 10 nights in a barroom—to make his words come out right.

Have Team, Will Matriculate

IT'S his first year at the University of Houston, Swimming Coach Phil Hansel, having nothing much to work with, scored a season's first record of only one win against five defeats. This year, having spent the summer collecting a squad of high school and junior college All-Americans, including pretty Carin Gore (84, free-stroke), brother with Brian's Andy, Graham of the Olympic 100-meter backstroke record, Coach Hansel hoped for better things. But the fate, or maybe just simple economics, were against him.

The university to which Hansel brought all this aquatic wealth just couldn't afford it. Thanks largely to the generosity (more \$25 million in various gifts) of the late oil millionaire H. R. Cullen, the once minor University of Houston has grown too big for its boots, or rather its swimming pool. Housing its enrollment grown from 8,692 a decade ago to 18,000 today, Houston is now second in size in the state to the University of Texas. 17,000. But the costs of



mass higher education keep increasing faster than income or new donations. And, since Houston is not yet a member of the big time Southeastern Conference, its football gate receipts against such out-of-state rivals as Tulsa and Wichita have not been enough to keep Houston's athletic budget out of the red.

Swimming Coach Hansel and the 15 tank stars his hopes were pinned



"Never would have we got up there, had not we swum."

on found themselves caught in the very first shift of the academic belt buckle, along with the track, tennis and golf teams. "It's unfortunate," said Hansel. "That the football coach has to be shackled with the rest of us, that we have to live off him as to speak, but that's the way it is, here and everywhere."

Meanwhile, what to do about 15 fine swimmers with no prospects of swimming? "Some of the boys," says Hansel, "have had individual offers from other colleges, but the boys think they should stick together and so do I. If I stay in Houston the girls will stay with me; there are no girls' college swimming teams, but I'll go the girls will go with me." In the face of this unanimity Hansel is now desperately seeking some college which will take on himself and his entire team of boys and girls alike before the start of the new semester in February. "The swimmers," he says by way of sides talk, "would like to stay together, and all the kids believe we have the makings of

a terrific team. Even colleges not interested in five girl swimmers as such might be interested in five girls who are nationally prominent and would bring attention and credit to any institution."

Time's awasting, athletic directors of America! Fill out the coupon now and get yourself a swimming team. If you don't, says the handsome and eager young monitor who was just last month elected president of the American Swimming Coaches' Association, "All that's left is to drown the swimming coach in agony."

Have Stadium, Will Name It

SOME 500 miles northwest of the University of Houston, with its straitlaced athletic budget on show, sits little West Texas State College (enrollment: 2,145) near Amarillo, UTSM has undertaken the construction of a \$180,000 football stadium to replace the rickety wooden benches on the crumpled-up lawn

Continued

EVENTS & DISCOVERIES

of its campers. And no just-another stadium either, mind you. When completed this fall, it will have streamlined room for 20,000 patrons (later expandable for 30,000 more), 5,000 cars and any big-time team riding to drop by. To stimulate the trade of stay-at-hometypes, many of the seats will be fitted with chair backs and electrical outlets. The outlets, says the college, should accommodate all those who wish to keep warm, make hot chocolate, shave or follow their favorite Western on television.

For whom will they name this splendid facility? For a contribution of \$10,000, says Athletic Director Frank Kimbrough, they might very well name it for you.

Next Time

UNTIL we broke it, the world's record for staying aloft in a manned balloon was 84 hours," said Arnold Eilhart the other day. "But we, in the *Small World*, remained in the air for 94½ hours and traveled 1,200 miles across the Atlantic." After that, of course, the *Small World* was forced down at sea. But its gondola, which was oddly boat-shaped, sailed on across the Atlantic with the help of a simple sail and a rudder, and brought its adventurous crew of four to safety and fame in Barbados. (The four: Arnold Eilhart and his son Tim; Colin Mudie and his wife Rosemary.)

The strangest comment on this remarkable achievement comes from the *Small World* crew themselves. "After all," they agreed modestly, surrounded by admirers in New York's Victoria Hotel, "we did fail."

For their aim was not just to survive through the adventure alive; it was to cross the Atlantic in a balloon. To do so they needed, on their first attempt, to stay in the air more than twice as long as any balloonists had ever stayed up before. The odd thing is, they thought they could do it; and now, having failed, they are convinced that it can be done.

The great problem of balloonists, like that of oldtime motorists, is running out of gas. If a rising air current takes you high enough, you must allow some gas to escape from your

balloon. If you don't, the expanding gas will burst its bag, and you, the balloonist, will become merely a falling object. After encountering a certain number of upcurrents and losing some gas in each of them, a balloon can no longer remain airborne.

But Eilhart and his crew had a plan: when atmospheric conditions caused the *Small World* to rise, they would drop a line over the side of the gondola and haul water up from the sea in a canvas bag. The added weight of the water would make the balloon less buoyant and keep it from rising to a dangerous height. Thus the *Small World* would add and lose water across the Atlantic and keep its loss of gas to a bare minimum.

In practice, however, there were problems. The water bag sometimes tossed about on the waves and refused to fill. If the balloon hit a really good updraft the ocean dropped away from beneath it with dizzying speed, so that the distance for hauling up water increased rapidly as the need for acquiring it grew more urgent. The lifting device was a pulley operated by four sets of bicycle pedals, but if the line tangled as it dropped a thousand feet to the sea—and it often did—no amount of pedaling would draw it in. By the time the citizens of the *Small World* had solved all these problems they had sacrificed a good deal of gas to ineffectiveness, and when a really terrifying thunderstorm threatened to carry

them up to 20,000 feet, they were forced to sacrifice even more and come down on the sea.

"Another time," says Mudie, "we would be better prepared for a storm, and able to cope with it. For 96 hours before we were forced down our water lift had worked perfectly and we had lost no gas at all."

Will there be a next time? "We have decided to think about it seriously," says Mudie. And that answer, coming from adventurers such as these, can be roughly translated as "Yes."

Substantial at Wedgeport

SKIES should be blue and the winds fresh at Wedgeport, Nova Scotia next September. Offshore the long seas will be running, while back on the beach Wedgeport's easy hospitality and rustic camaraderie will be furnished to visiting fishermen as usual. There may even be muds in plenty out in the Atlantic. But there will be no Wedgeport Tuna Tournament.

For the first time since the war Wedgeport's international competition for the Sharp Cup will take a sabbatical. Since 1949 tuna have become fewer and fewer at Wedgeport, and rodmen from Europe, South Africa, South America and the U.S. have had increasingly disappointing catches or none at all. One proposal before the directors of the international tournament meeting in New York the other day was to move the match to a new site (31, Oct. 13); another was to continue the tournament, fish or no fish. From Boston came the advice of Alton B. Sharp, donor of the tournament cup: "You can't move the atmosphere and tradition of Wedgeport. It would be like leaving a house you love." Asked S. Rip Farrington Jr., founder of the competition: "There also can you find 30 boats of uniform size manned by crews of equal ability? Only in Wedgeport. It's there or nowhere."

For 1969, the directors decided, it'll be nowhere. So there the matter stands. The Sharp Cup is in custody of the Nova Scotia government, the competition is resumed, and where, oh where is the bluffs?



Cold Comfort

He gets on colder days, I've heard,
Alone, with his dog Rover.
For now that water hole, the third,
'Thank God, is frozen over!

—RICHARD ARMOUR



A NEW LEASE ON FITNESS

THE YOUNGSTERS shown above are ground-floor members in the first constructive nationwide program for fitness of American youth since President Eisenhower became concerned about the problem in 1955. The new action program, which could and should sweep the country, is entitled, with just a bit of proper flourish, Operation Fitness—U.S.A. An ambitious five-year plan which gets under way this week, it is backed by the largest and most expert fitness group in the country: the American Association for Health, Physical Education and Recreation. The AAHPER consists chiefly of some 35,000 teachers and directors in public, private and parochial schools in the U.S. Members are in a position to reach virtually every child and parent in the U.S. Armed with a new program and a realistic plan to raise money from foundations and public-spirited business groups, the nation's physical education teachers could well be the

folks to save Ike's fitness program from being talked to death.

One part of their program is a new national fitness test for young people 10 to 17, already tested under AAHPER auspices by some 8,500 youngsters (SI, May 28). The Washington, D.C. kids shown here wear accomplishment insignia which Operation Fitness will award, from here out, to participants everywhere. Standards have been devised from data on the first 8,500 so that every youngster will be able to measure himself against national norms and keep a record of his own progress.

This is no effort to make all children conform to one national standard. There is plenty of room for individual differences, and the accent is on self-improvement, on competing against one's own last best score. Some of the standards by sex and age: a 10-year-old girl who can do 25 sit-ups scores 70% (by the time she is 17 she need do only 23 to make the

same score); a 13-year-old boy who can run the 50-yard dash in seven seconds scores 85%. Other standards are based on a combination of sex, age, height and weight. Tests and insignia are available through the AAHPER at 1301 16th Street N.W., Washington 8, D.C.

The tests are just one phase of Operation Fitness, which will reach every community through schools and city recreation departments. Other projects include plans for a nationwide chain of sports clinics, festivals and demonstrations; movies on fitness to be shown in schools and before community groups; recognition for good existing programs.

Both the President's Council on Fitness and the Citizens Advisory Committee have given Operation Fitness their endorsement. It should also be supported by Americans in general who are anxious to do something about the unfitness they've been hearing so much about. **END**



ST. SET FROM COOLIDGE HIGH SCHOOL IN WASHINGTON DISPLAY NEW BADGES

LEGGY TRIUMPHS OF THE WEEK

From Berlin to Boston, from Tampa to Miami, the picture evidence came in last week of new earth-shaking deeds, new records, figures and rear-guard insinuations.



PATENTING: PARTIES: independent with support from
 Institute are designed to improve knowledge, the center,
 Eng. and own Transp. Res. International Organization



FINISHED FRANCE is presented by the French Tourist Board. France alone has no equal in the world in terms of variety and size of its coastline. From the rugged cliffs of the Atlantic to the sun-drenched shores of the Mediterranean, France offers a wealth of scenic beauty and cultural heritage. Discover the wonders of France, from the Eiffel Tower to the Champs-Élysées, and experience the finest of French cuisine and wine.

[illegible]

Although Hwang was listed as being a handy two-lengths, he appears to qualify as a sprinter only. At longer distances in the breast-stroke, he never kept out of second, third, or fourth place, but he would be a good, not unusual, scoring contender.



PLUMMETING. Northampton was pole vaulting, 20th, against Boston K. G. 10' 6" against 11' 11". Thomas, a 1945-born Boston University freshman, who last week set a world's indoor record of 8 feet 11 1/2 inches in the high jump, which is seven inches higher than Thomas. It was the second week in a row that

Thomas, 17, had bettered himself, and the second time he did so under inauspicious circumstances. At the Dartmouth regatta, where he jumped 6 feet 11, the heaviest barrel bucking into a swampy pit; Boston Garden he made his remarkable jump during the eighth lap of the featured mile run.

THE FIX FAILS AT CUSTER

SYNDICAL was narrowly averted last week—almost every night last week in fact—when the full truth about Ray Hunt, star basketball player at Custer College, emerged at last. The academic and sporting records seemed clear for an ugly shocker: Ray, a straight A student body in need of cash, dunked into wrongdoing on three of the game with Ashmore. Garbison's money was at the root of it, said the D.A.—though Custer students were more inclined to blame a stiff-necked ethics professor.

Thanks, however, to the fix which spent at Ray's rights Howard Lambert and Rosal Cruise, Custer was away at the final curtain of the latest Broadway/Cramer play, a dirty game of fun called *Tall Story* now making heads for Broadway.

Photographs by Robert Mott



SHOCKED at being alone "in our bare legs" with his cheerleader girl friend in the south/Sydney, young Hunt (Robert Klum) tries to lose himself in wall.



NOT MOTT thrust into his cynical pocket by persons unknown who Ray is pondering.



THE HEAD MASTER OF FOOTBALL RETIRES

A visit with a man going over his mail last week and thinking back on 25 years as a head coach with 166 victories and some defeats

A FAVORITE OF COACH EARL BLAIK: HIS PORTRAIT BY JED ROBERT EISEN

EARL BLAIK'S office on the fourth floor of the gymnasium at West Point continues sharply with the gray paint and gray stone of the rest of the building. A bright burnt-orange carpet covers the floor, the paneled walls are black walnut, the lighting is indirect. Blaik's small mahogany desk stands in one end of the room. On the wall to his right is a West Point coat of arms in bronze. On the wall behind him is the only picture in the room—a wartime portrait of General Douglas MacArthur. To an increasing degree Blaik resembles in appearance and manner one man whom he most admires.

In this office one afternoon late last week Blaik sat reading his mail; three tall stacks of it, as befits the traffic coming to a man who has just announced his resignation as head coach after 25 years. In those years Earl Blaik's teams have won 166 games while losing only 48. Long green lines of Dartmouth players as well as long gray lines of cadets have

passed with success under his molding hands, and Blaik himself has succeeded to that eminence in his profession, never satisfactorily tilted, which makes him, in fact, the Head Master of college coaches. The staff of course reflected this. Blaik turned away from it and crossed the room to greet his visitor. They talked for a while about his days as a cadet football player.

"I had the lowest stance of any and in those days," Blaik said. "The tackles used to stand up almost straight, and some of them wrapped black tape around their fists. As soon as the ball was snapped, the tackle would take a swipe at the end." Demonstrating the play, Blaik rose and acted out the motion: first of the tackle, then of the end. "So an end got down real deep, and his first movement was to duck that swing. Then you rushed in." Seated again, Blaik continued. "People today can't conceive how rough the game used to be." He smiled in recall.

Blaik was the first cadet to lose Navy, in three major sports—football, basketball and baseball. In 1919 Walter Camp named him to the third-string All-America, and on graduation day he was awarded the West Point saber as the outstanding athlete of the Class of '20.

"It was through being an athlete that I got to know General MacArthur. The general was superintendent here and only 38. He had a dignified—some people have called it aloof—air about him, but from the standpoint of cadets he was extremely approachable. His influence was beyond calculation. I've always thought he was the savior of the academy; he stepped up classes and raised standards and supplied the leadership that was needed."

What is the role of football in a university? "If the school and the coach start out from the correct premise, there will never be any question about football's place. Football is incidental to education. It's secondary.

"What worries me about the attempts to decompartmentalize football is the way it's done. You can't tell the youngsters, 'Now this game isn't as important as you have been led to believe, and winning isn't everything, you know.' When you do that, you strip football of its emotional ingredients—the importance of the game and the skill it takes. Now it's true that 30 minutes or 30 months after a game is over, it may no longer seem very important. But for those minutes on the field, the youngsters must feel that the game is the most important thing in the world and that their job is to win it."

The key to successful coaching? "Always know what each player can give and demand the very best of him. Now there are ways to demand, right ways and wrong ways, but whenever you tolerate mistakes, you are inviting more. It was very difficult when my son Herb was the quarterback. In everyone's mind he had to be clearly the best player, and in my own mind he had to be doing less wrong than all the others."

It was when his son was a quarter-back that Blank's most trying time at West Point came. Most of his varsity squad, including Bob Blank, was expelled in 1956 for cheating on footballing to report earnings known to them, by others.

Blank thought of resigning and even asked Douglas MacArthur. The general told him, "Don't quit under fire." Blank said that and took home, pained: "I decided that no good would come of it at West Point and left and that in the long run I might hurt my youngsters. There was no way any doubt, you know, at the time, that I believed in them, and I have never changed my mind." Among the ten expulsions, Herb keeps an picture of each expelled player.

And even to his own admissions coach and athletic director at West Point, official on his 50th birthday, Blank says, "I know it is no simple reason: neither tradition nor difference of opinion with West Point authorities over the rumored withdrawal of the military from its former national committee to him, though Blank may well wonder on the academy's refusal in the 1960s if Army falls in with plans now being administered for a "national" football conference including points East and West.

"Should it be said, even with all that a man my age would finally want to leave? Now if we had had a losing



WEST POINT AND BLANK COULD BE RE-GRADUATED TO MAKE THE TIGHTLY-KNOTTED ONE



COACH BLANK (WITH STARS BLANCHARD, BARKER, WILL, AND GERRARD THE FOOTBALL)

season, then I would stay. It would be a great opportunity to pull out. But as it is, sports at the academy are in the best shape they have been in for years. I just felt it was time to leave."

His thoughts on going away from West Point? "First of all, I shall miss the racket. You don't leave a place like this without a certain amount of heartache." Then, a lively enthusiasm coming into discussion: "Also I shall miss the fascination of devising the strategy and tactics of the game. There is no game I know that has patterns that to the degree football does. To see those patterns that represent your thinking unfold

successfully on the field gives you a tremendous feeling of accomplishment. You are happy and you know like nothing you could be, the top."

Blank left the chair by the window, went to his desk, picked up a two-page letter from the center of the desk, and read the message part, a handwritten two-paragraph, Washington and one others. White House staff carry, but on his face, an intense look of embarrassment: simply: "I'll be," "I was glad to get some from him," he said. "It isn't just a you-were-a-fine-d fellow sort of letter. Now, this man plays football and coached it, too. He understands how I feel now."

—DAVID B. TISSER

SMOOTH



MERCURY CATAMARAN

Perhaps the most exciting development of the new design is the Mercury catamaran, conceived by Carl Kirkhafer, head of the company that markets Mercury outboard motors. "For years we've been testing boats and offering our ideas to the builders," said Kirkhafer, whose company maintains a permanent testing ground in Sarasota, Fla., where any boatbuilder can have his new models wrung out by Mercury's test drivers. The more he saw conventional hulls pounding along past his testing area, the more certain Kirkhafer became that catamarans might be the answer. And when a group of catamaran racers (see page 38) virtually swept the rugged Mississippi marshes, Kirkhafer was convinced. He went to a catamaran expert named Warren Gale, who had built some 2,000 catars

the past nine years, and outlined his ideas for a family-size catamaran: one with comfortable seating accommodations and a sporty, open-steering cockpit up forward. Gale and his engineers went to work and developed the finished product. The cat is 28 feet 8 inches long and has a generous 8-foot beam. Her hulls, tapered toward the bow, are the most efficient design, which presents sharp, narrow forward sections that can slice through the water rather than hugging into it like the broad ends of a conventional hull planing at high speed. Rushed to completion for its debut at the New York show, the cat has not yet been given any serious testing under tough water conditions, but both Gale and Kirkhafer are confident she will give a smooth ride even at her designed top speed of 30 mph.

RIDE FOR ROUGH SEAS

Big news on the boat-show circuit this year are these radical new hulls designed to cut cleanly through choppy water at high speeds.

by EZRA BOWEN

Illustrations by L. Howard

FIVE YEARS the joy of fast riding in high-powered motorboats has been tempered by one sad, inescapable truth: when a motorboat goes upland in rough water it pounds. Sometimes it pounds hard enough to crack the frames, but always it pounds hard enough to make the driver wish somebody would design a better boat—and somebody is always trying. Until now, no one had succeeded. But on the last fortnight, at boat-shows from Los Angeles to New York, it seemed a few designers may have solved the problem of making a sensible craft that will give a soft ride to windward. As the drawings on these pages show, they have tried everything from double and triple hulls to radical Y-shaped after sections. Unusual and advanced, the ideas seem nonetheless to be sound and, if they hold up under the ultimate strain of heavy seas, the motorboat industry will have taken a giant step forward from just plain speed and thrills to speed, safety and comfort.



EVINRUDE HOUSEBOAT

In the past four years, Evinrude has given out more money in prizes at the New York boat show than Brooks Stevens, design consultant to Evinrude. In 1958 he came out with a streamlined motorboat called the light-chasing motor—the trendiest motor styling in boats (SI, June 17, 1957). In 1957 he produced a completely novel fishing boat. Last year he designed a swinging stabilizing buoy and won the Boat Show, he has designed a half-hulled motorboat houseboat called the Houseboat, which now becomes a triumph of a quadrilateral design for balancing and riding. The Houseboat is 28 feet long, 8 feet wide, with curved cabin (see diagram) and a double hull. The double hull is designed to absorb the shocks of the Houseboat contains some hard kernels of practicality. By substituting a pair of pontoons for the usual rectangular houseboat hull, Stevens has made a tremendous saving in weight. Furthermore, instead of using one flat, unclipping, wind-resistant hull that makes good only in waves from the stern, the double hull allows the Houseboat to ride up and down in waves from the bow, stern and sides. The Houseboat is considered as a show-stopper rather than a production boat for the retail market; but there may well be enough interest in both design and concept to bring the Houseboat into production.



Houseboat's double-hull design can be improved by adding pontoons and floats to keep afloat.

FOR MORE ON THIS BOAT SHOW, SEE PAGE 100



BOSS FOR Doodle, with trim tower, outboard, fishing chair, flying bridge, transom tank and fish door in the transom. Doodle III costs \$14,999, or \$1,999 more than the base price of \$12,999 for the base boat.



Doodle's transom shows bottom flat, motor-housed stern has no transverse cutters.

ENTERPRISE MARINE'S DOODLE III

Doodle's sleek design formed out of a single piece of metal, 144-mile Miami-Nassau run, which is a serious thing, given, notwithstanding that passage between Florida and the Western Bahamas last year. Doodle III is the fastest 32-foot motorboat. Since then, she has made a 52-mile run from Miami to Havana in one hour 30 minutes and has gone from Miami to Havana at an average speed of 42 mph. It is unlikely that any conventional design could take that kind of pounding. And Doodle III, despite her unconventional appearance, is indeed

an unusual design. Her hull is a single piece of plating that over a rough 100 ft of length produces. The bottom is a single piece of every curve is a section of a cone, a concept which allows the outer plating to be curved in a way that is not a conventional design. The planks run down the straight side of the cone. Moreover, the outboard motor is not a conventional design. Doodle III is relatively soft side against a head sea) and the gradual flattening of the water from the stern to the bow. The design is designed. Her hull is a smooth plane as she gains speed.



HUNTER'S TRANSOM has the same deep V along bottom and on molding pattern.

GEORGE O'DAY'S HUNTER

Ray Hunter is a Marblehead man who will try anything that may make a boat move more effectively through the water. Primarily, he is a sailboat designer (31, June 23)—the Concordia 1400, *Warren, Rochester*, the 110, 104, or 80 is his 1400 branched out into powerboats, drawing up a 22-foot water-craft version called Hunter for George O'Day Associates. The most obvious innovation in Hunter 16 is her V-bottomed after sections, which reduce pounding to a minimum when the bow leaps out of the water in a speed run. To help get her up onto

a plane, she has three spray strips running fore and aft that give the hull an extra lift and at the same time help throw spray down and out away from the cockpit. And, finally, she has a centerboard, almost unheard of in powerboats and not uncommon, since Hunter suggests its shape as one of the most important secrets. The centerboard, operated by a handle in the cockpit, performs the dual service of holding her on course at low speeds in a handwind or a roused wind and of striking her on her run to dampen with a following of a quartering sea.



Photo by Andy Lee/Kayak

ROY LEGER'S POWER CAT

When the Mississippi River Marathon started at New Orleans last year, there were 49 entries. Seven of these were Power Cats built by Roy Leger of Paramount, Calif. When the race ended at St. Louis, after 1,958 miles of rugged running on the river, there were 12 finishers. Six of these were Power Cats and they came in second, third, fourth, sixth, seventh, and 12th. The marathon was the climax of a five-year campaign for Leger, a devoted fisherman whose wife wouldn't go fishing because the

boats rolled too much in the Catalina Channel. Rather than spend his 40-plus years working Leger tried to make an outboard riding boat that rolled very little. He finally did it with the Power Cat, the 16-foot model of which is shown here, and the design was so successful that when he went into production three years ago he found out that 500 Power Cats were sold within 12 to 16 feet. Hunter than man, he thought Mrs. Leger on one occasion, "Now when you make 12 boats a month, just don't. "Hurry, mind you, in 16-foot Power Cats all the way out to Catalina."

The most likely to succeed

A gallery of young, unranked prizefighters who are the hopes of manager and fan alike in a time of 'chassis'

I STAND before you divested and disheartened," said Harry Markson, managing director of the International Boxing Club. "I have been married for 28 years and my wife still loves me, so I am not yet divorced." So, holding its breathless, the IBC exited laughing last week and, as Newsday's anonymous source, "the boxing world is in a terrible state of chaos!" Just the other day, for instance, a fight manager, name of Al Brownman, was saying: "The sport game's dead and they forgot to bury it. The managers had better get frankfurter stands or wagons." Now the IBC's dead and they're mourning it, but the manager says (anonymous source, *Asch's* D'Amato tells it): "There was a guy in World War I whom I shot through the false armistice and the real thing while his friends leaped in the air about him and cheered happily. But once on the boat for home he went one deck and by himself leaped in the air and shouted."

Although nobody's shouting, the hope is that a reasonable facsimile of the good old days will be tomorrow, the days when the gyms were full of brave young fighters who knew all the moves and did what they were told and you could move with them. And here is a gallery of hopes: some major, with only time itself between them and the big score, some minor and distant; young prizefighters who are most likely to succeed when the chassis is over. They are presently unranked by either *The Ring* magazine or the National Boxing Association. No fighters from outside the U.S. are included, and there are no feather-, bantam- or flyweights present, because the proposed names of the unranked in these divisions is foreign.

HEAVYWEIGHTS

"I've got a message from beyond," said Cleveland Williams, who, at 235

pounds, is big enough to know better. "I'm not well enough to fight." Four doctors told him he was, but Williams was listening to his voice in Wales in July and would not fight Dick Richardson. "He publicly disgraced himself," says Gus D'Amato. "He hasn't the decency to pretend he wasn't frightened, to keep within the rules of our business. But all terribly scared people have a certain amount of skill." Williams, 24, of Houston, is a head actor, but he does have a noteworthy skill: he is a first-rate puncher with both hands, and, as a consequence, has knocked out 43 opponents in 49 fights while losing but twice. In the main, he has fought three strong boxers, but not winners: not good hitters—boxed values with names like Baby, Bruce and Jimmy; yard Walters; and has avoided those who can take it and not quit; and, in fairness, he has been avoided, too; there is no advantage in taking on a Williams. But instead of gaining confidence and ability, as the quality of

the opposition was stepped up, Williams has never relinquished his faith in his punching. Almost paradoxically, then, his strength has become his weakness; if he cannot knock the man out early he may get discouraged, frustrated and listless. Yet he is an exceedingly strong puncher and (unarguably) is the best of the rest, as is written in the home charts.

They are Tom McNeely Jr. and Ernest Terrell. McNeely played football at Michigan State, which also produced Chuck Spinney, who is harder to pronounce (Some say it's Spinney. Like freeze her or please her. But I am much wiser. And know it is Spinney—thus he is to like; and that TV director, Chuck Dacey. "That's the strongest Irishman you've ever seen," says one of his handlers, "and he got a nice, big head on him." McNeely, 22, comes from Arlington, Mass., stands 6 feet 2 inches, weighs 198, and has won all seven of his bouts, six by ways. He is managed by another collegian, yet: Peter Fuller, Harvard '48, the son of former Governor Alvan Fuller of Massachusetts.

Terrell, 19, is an alternated Chippewagon out of Mississippi, who has lost one fight, a split, out of 11. Although a quick and potent hitter, he moves his feet awkwardly, and it is felt that "his travels too small." His manager, Ed Stevenson Sr., a kind of retired plumbing contractor, has other doubts. "He's a nice boy, good behaving, but you never know," he says. "If they meet the wrong kind of girl at the right or wrong time, you never know. But he has all the possibilities. He's a gentleman and never says anything wrong in any form or shape."

LIGHT HEAVYWEIGHTS

"I really don't like boxing as a boxer should," says Orville Pitts. "I've always wanted to go to school. But I haven't done justice to myself or school or anything in the last six months. I'm frustrated." Pitts, 25, is a lean, rooney, indecisive figure who



MIDDLEWEIGHT DIAMOND DAN BELL

has been boxing since he was 15 and wants to be a lawyer. He was an NCAA champion when he attended the University of Wisconsin (Madison) and a National Golden Gloves champion. When he turned pro in January 1967, he transferred to the University of Wisconsin (Milwaukee) and has a year to go for his B.A. degree in political science. But now, to his wife's consternation, he has dropped out of school. "I can always go back," Pitts says. "But I can't always go back to boxing."

Pitts has been "retired" since he was beaten by Tony Anthony, the No. 1 contender, in a gross mismatch last June. Prior to that fight he had knocked out eight and lost a split decision to Jimmy Blaine, the old spoiler. Pitts is willing to share the blame for the disastrous Anthony match. "The only nice thing about boxing, it seems like, is that the money comes in fast," he says. "You can't imagine what is taken from a man's body in 10 rounds, and it can't be replaced. Maybe my ego was inflated, and here was a long shot, a chance to make some money. If I hit, I'd be in the bucks."

One of the drawbacks, however, is lack in training, working chiefly on the conspicuous flaws in his style: he is hesitant to throw a left hook and is an inferior righter. Besides possessing a smart left jab and an extremely powerful overhead right. An experienced fighter, however, cannot justify his desire to continue the struggle, against tougher boxers than Pitts, the booming right. If Pitts can, indeed, become a complete fighter, he has a splendid future; if not, he should go back to poli sci.

MIDDLEWEIGHTS

There are three bright young men in this class: José Torres, Diamond Dick Kelly and Hank (Harry-Up) Casey. Torres, 22, is the celebrated Puerto Rican in Brooklyn who has won all nine of his fights, seven by knockouts, to the delight and glory of his countrymen in the harsh, cold and bewildering North. He fights out of Gus D'Amato's notorious "cockroach" style (SI, Dec. 15) and, despite his record, is not an explosive puncher or a quick finisher; most of his kayos are a result of attrition.

Squire Bill Daly, a dresser in the Italian suit with the cuffs on the sleeves, has Diamond Dick and gave him his name for flash and because he feels he has "a diamond in the rough."



WELTERWEIGHT JOE EUSEBIO SHAW

Kelly, 24, comes from Florence, S.C., was called as a first baseman—5-foot-7 inches—and, as they say, if he hits you on the top of the head he'll break your neck. He has had 42 fights and has won 27 of them by knockout. He has lost three, all by knockout, being stopped twice by Clarence Hinnant in 1966, while giving away 17 and 24 pounds when Hinnant was a far, far better man than he is today, and he was knocked out by Chris Hernandez when he had a 102° fever and too much medicine. Kelly is a straight-up-and-down combination fighter with a dandy right hand; his left hook ain't bad, either. His trainer, Lee Black, says: "We would take on a Giardella or a Jones." Black says Kelly says: "It makes no difference. They all got to go, so they all got to come. Got to make that Big Ten."

Casey, 24, of San Francisco, is the California middleweight champion. He lost to Jim Cosby in his third fight, but the newspapers gave it to Casey. He drew with Willie Vaughn, and the newspapers gave it to Casey. The newspapers and the officials gave Casey his license. Casey is clever and not particularly pleasing, even to the freebies. He's a pop hitter, cute defensively, using his long arms to ward off blows, and is a busy worker in spots, especially in retreat.

WELTERWEIGHTS

The finest welterweight prospect in the nation has had only five fights, won them all, four by kayo, and has



HEAVYWEIGHT TOM MEARNS JR.

swiftness of hand that is difficult to tell that he is, in truth, a counter-puncher. He is Joe Buck Shaw, nicknamed Gus D'Amato's Blackback, Shaw, 20, is a silent, determined boy from St. Louis, with extensive amateur experience, including the '66 Olympics. Although a big hitter, Shaw is a boxer. D'Amato claims, rather than a slugger. D'Amato defines a slugger as "one who is willing to take a punch to create an opening," a boxer as one who doesn't have to get hit.

LIGHTWEIGHTS

Eddie Perkins is 21, lives on Chicago's South Side and is a boxer-puncher who can counterpunch. "But he presses when I tell him to press," says his manager Frank Toranzo. He has had 18 fights, has lost three and has beaten Baby Vasquez and Frankie Hyman on the TV. Perkinshire to play practical jokes, which is O.K., by Toranzo. "I told him to be jolly so he'll enjoy himself, who won't be, you know," says Toranzo. "I used to be an adult probation officer."

Gene Gresham, 21, the lightweight champion of Michigan, came to Detroit from the South on the great postwar migration because the word down yonder was that Detroit was a money town. Gresham had 289 amateur bouts and lost only nine, and he's won all 19 of his professional starts, nine by TKO. He has never been knocked down or out. He is an assertive boxer who carries his hands

Continued

high, jobs constantly and accurately, but throws few combinations. "I will box," he says, "as long as I have good health. As long as you're doing it right, it doesn't seem hard at all."

Little Bobby Hicks says: "I just want to be a fighter, but I want to be a good one like Ray Robinson." Hicks, an 18-year-old senior at Seattle's Garfield High, rarely produces a sentence as long as that one; he is a grave and close-mouthed person. Bobby came out of his shell long enough this winter to play a walk-on (or fall-down) bit in his class play. Fortunately, Bobby had no line load; he played the part of a prisoner who was flattened with one punch. It was something of a novelty for Bobby, who has not been on the floor in 62 amateur and 10 (all wins) professional fights. Hicks's success in the ring lies in extremely fast reflexes and an aggressive attitude. "Sometimes I think he wants to kick them when he gets them down," says Manager George Chermers, with ill-concealed delight. Chermers, you may recall, trained Pete Rademacher until the "death" of that champion in L.A. last year.

Hicks hits well with both hands and is gradually acquiring polish as a boxer. He has a good sense of balance and has inherited through Chermers (who learned much of his stuff from Jack Hurley) a few of the techniques of two middle-aged fighters. This means, in essence, that Little Bobby carries his hands somewhat lower than the average fighter. "Bobby's hands keep him much lower than anybody else," says Chermers hotly. "It just looks that way. I'd put him in with any light weight in the world right now—for two, three rounds. But I ain't going to do that. He's got the body of a baby yet, and we got lots of time."

Selwyn (Rex) Rayson, 24, the son of an itinerant minister, came to Cleveland from Birmingham. He has won all 21 exhibitions. The left hook has been his most dependable weapon to date, but he's working on a right one this big day and now believes he can hit equally hard with it. "I stay on my toes and keep moving until I hurt my man," Rayson says. "Then I get off my toes to get more power. Been doing more bobbing and weaving lately; fact is, I have three or four styles; use whichever one the situation calls for." *******



SPECIAL OUTDOOR CORRAL DESIGNED FOR 3-YEAR-OLD FIRST LANDING TO GIVE HIM

HORSE RACING / *William Leggett*

Hopes run rampant

As the winter racing season gets under way in Florida, eyes are focused on promising 3-year-olds—particularly First Landing, is he the 1988 Derby winner?

THE NAME Hialeah is a headline far across the top of a racing chart has come to mean more to the American fanbase than the mere fact that horses are running in an atmosphere of palm trees and pools and many brightly-colored bands. In recent years it has become the summit for all winter racing in the East and, aside from prodding the appetite of some 25 million frost-bound denizens for the spring and summer racing season, it actually establishes the tempo for the long new racing year about to unfold itself.

Compared to tracks like Belmont Park or Pimlico or Saratoga, Hialeah is totally lacking in venerability. After all, the meeting currently in progress is only its 32nd, and this makes it one of our younger major race tracks. But anyone who makes the long, casual drive up the avenue of royal palms that leads to the entrance will have forgotten all about venerability long before the daily-double windows close. And, once in-

side, when he has sighted the silks of the famous stallions like Citation, Secretariat, Green Street, Glen Riddle or George D. Wheeler, he should have a pretty good idea that he's not at the roller derby.

In just 40 days of racing Hialeah gives away over \$2 million in purses and draws close to (and in good years over) 800,000 people. This year more people than ever before will be talking about Hialeah, thanks to the seven successive Saturday afternoon telecasts, which started with last week's Hialeah and continue with this week's Royal Palm Handicap (SAT-7N, 1:30-5 p.m. EST).

The most famous of all Hialeah's races is, of course, the \$100,000 Flamingo Stakes for 3-year-olds. Not only is the Flamingo the first major race for eastern Kentucky Derby candidates, but it is also one of the most peculiar pauses on the whole racing calendar. On Flamingo Day (Feb. 28), programs, racing forms, tablecloths—everything save mist—



FULL BENEFIT OF FLORIDA SUNSHINE

at Hialeah

turns pink. An hour before the race a group of Seminoles Indians, rented for the occasion at \$2 a head, start landing more than 300 Hialeah-owned birds through the infield. Indians shriek, flamingos squawk and even the most taciturn horseplayer takes whimsical delight in the phantom chase between addressed red-men and undressed poultry.

But this delight is brief. The rich and lusty one comes with the Flamingo itself. The last four runnings have been won by horses belonging to racing's plumeless sister—Turf. Tarn, Bolt Huker, Needles and Nadir, six of our last 10 Kentucky Derby winners have in fact been Hialeah-developed racers, and 21 of our past 39 horses to finish in the money in Triple Crown events have received their early 3-year-old training or rearing at this race track.

This year, however, looks a little bit different from recent ones. Most of the owners and trainers currently at Hialeah feel that they already know the name of the Flamingo winner and the name of the Kentucky Derby winner as well. In Christopher T. Chenery's First Landing they feel that the 3-year-old division has a superstar and that there is nothing

that is going to come on late in the season to challenge his supremacy. His record of 10 wins in 11 starts last year showed them that he could take all the fury of mud and distance and still beat the best of his contemporaries, and that he would ripen over the winter.

As First Landing's trainer, Casey Hayes, said the other morning, "This colt has really filled out [see picture]; he has picked up about 75 pounds, and off his early workouts here I'd say he was in real fine shape. He's a good-natured horse and the type that will go along with a trainer's plans. Right now we plan to give him an overnight race, then the Everglades February 16 and then the Flamingo. After that, we'll see. He'll probably get a prep for the Florida Derby and then run in that. But right now it doesn't look like he'll get more than four or five races in Florida before he moves on to the Kentucky Derby. I'm trying out a little theory of my own with him. We've built him a special paddock where he can stand by himself, get the sunshine and nibble on the grass. I think that it gets boring for a horse to stand in his stall all afternoon long. By being out in the air he should keep himself alert and sleek in the sun."

There are, however, some historically proved points about good 2-year-olds that should be analyzed when they turn 3. For one thing, only three of the past 22 "best" 2-year-olds ever went on to win Kentucky Derbies and these three—Count Fleet, Citation and Needles—managed to win eight Triple Crown races between them. And, for another, Garden State winners, of which First Landing became one last October, usually run a precarious course. Of five past winners only one was ever sound enough to start in a Kentucky Derby. But First Landing seems perhaps better than the others.

The other important 2-year-olds of last year, Terry Lee and Intentionally, are not at Hialeah. Intentionally is still in Maryland and Terry Lee will probably get a couple of prep races at Santa Anita before it is decided whether to try him in the Flamingo and the Florida Derby. Although Yoder Meloch, the leader of the Free Handicap and Hittskey equivalent of our Experimentals, is at Hialeah and working about as well as might be expected, the chances at his getting spots in the Flamingo are quite bleak. His trainer, Johnny

Nadir, is not the type of trainer to damage a horse for an expedient purse. "This colt will be out later," Nadir says. "He'll let me know when he's ready."

At the start of any new 3-year-old season it has become quite natural to be suspicious of what may be lurking up the devil's rear end—blunders of Calumet Farm. Their remarkable Derby record over the last 11 years—five starters, five winners and two seconds—makes everyone wary of them. While this might not look like the brightest year for Calumet, this superb racing establishment always seems to be at its best when the outlook is worst. Trainer Jimmy Jones explained his position the other day in the same fashion that he usually does this early in the season. "We have two colts that we're concentrating on, Nairo and Emerald. In about the only thing that I can say about Nairo right now is that he is big and good-looking and he comes from Calumet Farm. Emerald is by Nasrullah out of Two Lads but his left hind ankle last year and has been slow in coming around. He's doing pretty good right now, and even though I haven't nominated him to the Flamingo he might come along in time for the Derby. All you can do is trust in the merits of a horse and see which emerges back first."

CONCENTRATION ON FORTH

Although most of the concentration is on the younger horses at Hialeah, some of the ones that will gather most of the national attention in the time between now and this June—the older horses—are going for some giant jackpots themselves. Bardotown ran a splendid race in the Tropical Park handicap two weeks ago and Nadir is slowly grinding his way back to form. With Bardotown, however, it's always a problem. As Jones says, "Bardotown is 7 years old now and there's only a limited number of really top efforts in any horse. It's just like him: There's only a certain number of eggs in them, and while you can get the maximum out of them, no logical feed and good race you can only get the maximum and nothing more."

Bolt Huker, Ventes, Idus and Admiral Vee can run back to their 1958 races then the eastern handicaps might be good. But, in the meantime, the best upper horses—Diamond Table, Jewel's Reward, Hialeah and Warden—appear to be at Santa Anita. **END**

A panicky finish for the Crosby

In an idyllic setting Art Wall Jr. and Gene Littler ran into the hoolie jannies

FERGENTLY, tournament golf can be a great deal more than just grim-faced professionals going about their business behind a curtain of marshals. Sixty thousand spectators witnessing the 18th Bing Crosby National Professional tournament on the spectacularly scenic Monterey Peninsula had a fine example of this fact last week. For though the light-colored Crosby has recently been converted into a big money tournament on the pro circuit, it has lost none of its friendly, refreshing flavor. It is still the best golfing weekend in America in the mind of the faithful who return year after year. The amateurs love it and treat an invitation to the Crosby like a summons from on high. The fans love it because it combines good golf and celebrities in truly lovely surroundings. Most of the pros like it because for once, and thanks to Alvin Karpis, they are part of the social life of a tournament.

Why, in the Crosby, can speed? First, it is played on three extraordinarily fine golf courses, each with its own personality—Monterey Peninsula, the wooded inland course; Pebble Beach, a "link" on the seaside; and Cypress Point, a spectacular combination of the other two. Since the courses are played alternately the first three days, spectators can fan out and find their favorite golfers and bemoan, at least before the first day, that they won't be shoved around by officious marshals.

The favorite golf hole of the spectators—and hardly the contestants—is the famous, frightening 16th at Cypress. The tee is a small patch of grass atop a rocky cliff; 222 yards across a surging inlet of the Pacific Ocean lies the green. Bold players hit their tee shots straight for the green, but the more cautious can



GOLFER WHO PAGED HIS SHOT ON THE BEACH EXPERIENCED SOME CROSBY PROBLEMS

play short to the left and settle for a bogey. Spectators gather on and behind the tee on a small rise, anxiously awaiting the inevitably topped or hooked drives, either of which can hit the ocean.

Since 1934 Porky Oliver has probably held the tournament record score for the 16th—a whopping 16 blows. But much to the delight of the 16th watchers this year an unknown professional named Hans Merrill not only took a record 19 shots, but he did it without hitting a single ball into the water. His nemesis was the thick, almost impenetrable seaplane that grows along the right side of the green.

Though not as dramatic as the 16th at Cypress, the 18th at Pebble Beach is widely regarded as the toughest finishing hole in golf. And it lived up to its reputation in this year's Crosby. The two men who

tested it under pressure, Art Wall and Gene Littler, will not soon forget the experience.

The round shows that for the past two years the greatest last-round player in professional golf has been Art Wall Jr., a slender, edgy professional from Pocomo Manor, Pa. Judging by his first three performances in 1953, Wall is about to abdicate his finishing-round title, but he may very well replace it with the far more desirable leading-money-winner crown.

At Los Angeles three weeks ago Art Wall, despite Ken Venturi's incredible closing round of 61, still needed only his last-round average for the past two years of 70.7 to win the tournament. Yet he took a 73 for second place—81, Jan. 19. The following week in Tijuana he had another last-round 71 to lose out to Ernie Vossler.

In the first three days of the Cros-

by, Wall put together a 69 at Cypress, a 63 at Monterey Peninsula and a 2-under-par 10 at Pebble Beach. This left him 4 strokes up on Jimmy Demaret and 8 ahead of former U.S. Amateur Champion Gene Littler. On the basis of his once-formidable last-round penchant, everyone felt Wall was a shoo-in.

Wall's start on Sunday morning confirmed this. He quickly birdied the first three holes with putts of 35, 5 and 10 feet. At this point, the Pebble Beach course turns to the ocean, and all manner of troubles pop up. Nonetheless, Wall managed to turn in a creditable 2 under par on the first nine. Another birdie on No. 10 put him 9 strokes up on Littler. But that was his last good hole. He bogeyed No. 11, double-bogeyed No. 12, bogeyed 13 and 14, birdied 15 and bogeyed 16 and 17 to lose 8 full strokes to Littler.

Going into the 18th, Wall's lead had dwindled to one stroke, and there wasn't a soul in the huge gallery who didn't feel a sickness in his stomach over the collapse of this fine golfer. Littler as always was ice-calm.

Both men drove well, but Littler's ball hooked close to the edge of the sea wall that protects the 18th fairway from the lapping waves of Carmel Bay. Wall played his second wood safely down the middle, and Littler took out a four-wood to insure a safe shot from a difficult lie. He took three easy practice swings, then hit a looping hook well out into the bay. It cost him a two-stroke penalty, and by the time Littler's alternate ball reached the green he lay 3. Wall, meanwhile, had a seven-iron approach into the trap in front of the green, and he came out too strong to the back edge of the undulating green but still on the putting surface. Two putts put him down in 4—his third straight bogey—but at least the shattering ordeal was over. Even had Littler sunk his putt, he would still have been one stroke short of a tie. Despite his miserable 41 on the last nine holes, Wall brought home a very creditable 279 for the four days of extremely testing golf, and that was good for the first-prize money of \$4,000 plus an additional \$2,000 for the pre-amateur best-ball with Charlie Cox. When it was all over and he could finally collect his thoughts, Wall was able to give a perfectly simple golfer's explanation of what had happened: "I couldn't make the ball do what I wanted."

END



EARL JOHNSON, 184 First CC, Washington, Del.

Tip from the Top

The cure for hitting behind the ball

AVERAGE GOLFERS—both men and women—have a great tendency to strike the ground behind the ball on their fairway shots. This happens when the weight is shifted back to the right foot on the backswing and is not shifted forward (to the left) at the start of the downswing. The weight shift controls the low point of the arc in the swing.

There are three reasons why golfers find themselves unable to shift their weight forward soon enough as they start down: 1) their feet are set too far apart; 2) the right knee has become locked at the top of the backswing; 3) the right hand begins hitting too soon on the downswing.

To overcome these errors, first get the feet closer together at address. Then keep the same amount of flex in the right knee as you go back—and at the top of the backswing—as the knee had at address. (This flex of the right knee is what makes the pros look as though they are half sitting down when they hit a shot.) With the right knee properly flexed at the top of the backswing, it is possible to transfer the weight over to the left foot at the start of the downswing. It's impossible if the right knee is locked. If the above remedy doesn't complete the cure, work to introduce a slight hesitation or pause at the top of the backswing and be conscious of beginning the downswing with the left hand pulling the club down.



Alone (incorrect): right knee locked at top of backswing.

Left (correct): right knee flexed at top of backswing.

MERT WHEEL, *Lowest Range in adapting the above to your ball*

A Special Dozy, Cozy Kind of Dormy House

An original Walker Cup team member and Britain's leading golf writer tells of his warm, pleasant life by the edge of a golf course

by BERNARD DARWIN

LIVES in a derry house, does he?" Some reader may exclaim. "Poor fellow, he must hear all the hard-luck stories of all the golfers. I'm sorry for him."

Well, it is really not as bad as that. The name of derry house conveys to most people a near neighbor of a golf club if not part of the golf club itself. But my derry house is a little different from the rest.

It is close to the Land Gate in the lovely old town of Rye in Sussex, where one illustrious American, Henry James, made his English home. It is full of history, for it is one of the two "ancient towns," the neighbor Winchelsea being the other, which, with the five Cinque Ports, provided in olden days the very heart and nucleus of the British navy. Today the sea has receded from Rye; even now has from Sandwich, and left it with its narrow cobbled streets, huddled around the church on the top of a rocky cliff, with the water a few miles away.

Naturally, the links are by the sea, which once no doubt rolled over them, and whose waves has been as to be found the best of golf courses. No human architect, with the wealth of Midas ready to his hand, could imitate this ideal; not only the main features, the lines of sandhills with the valleys between, but all the thousands of smaller undulations, the plateaus and craters in miniature, which go at once to make up that golfing perfection and to make us on our bad days complain that a good drive has given us an unjust lie. And Rye, in the minds of all who know it, is one of the noblest of links, true seaside, having all the qualities whether bold or subtle which heart can desire and with a sense of peace and privacy

which a championship course can scarcely boast. Rye, thank heaven, is not a championship course and never will be. The narrow tortuous road that leads to it, together with geographical difficulties, puts it out of the question for any crowded festival, and for that matter I think the members would let the champions come there only over their dead bodies. So it remains like a man who, without titles or honors, is yet universally accepted as an equal in the most distinguished company. It is famous without any of the accompanying disadvantages of fame.

LOVE AND FORTUNE

The course was laid out in the '30s by Harry Colt, and the first time the world heard of it was when a match was played there between Harry Vardon and Freddie Tait, two names that always made news. It was not very long after this and well in the gutty age that I paid my first visit to the links and to the derry house. At once I fell in love with both, and by good fortune was made had then, like a fairy godmother, given me a handsome tip. This, with a reckless wisdom, I devoted to entrance fees and subscriptions; otherwise beyond my means, and the place has been near my heart ever since.

This old friend of a derry house, to which I have now returned for good, is a pleasant, ancient house on the cliff top. It is a separate institution from the golf club, though most of its members, but not all, are golfers, for it is also a local social club. By the time the golfers have finished their rounds and returned here for tea and crumpets by the billiard-room fire their acute peering for

sympathy is over. They tell me those hard-luck stories, which I mentioned, only if I ask for them, and this I do with judicious restraint.

To many American golfers the notion of staying in a derry house may, for all I know, convey visions of splendor, the mingled splendor of country club and hotel. It is now, alas, so long since I was in America that my memories of staying in golf clubs may appear those of a golfing Rip Van Winkle. I stayed twice, in 1913 and 1922, at The Country Club at Brookline. Both were memorable years, the first that of Francis Ouimet's victory over Ted Ray and Vardon—I can still hear the patter of the rain and see the sun just hanging about the trees), the second that of Jim Swenson's championship. In 1922 I spent a very pleasant night at Pine Valley, which prided itself, unless I am mistaken, on an absence of women and a scene of changing for dinner. At the National, where I visited in those same two years, I stayed elsewhere, but the rest of my companions of the first Walker Cup side, in 1922, were put up in a genuine derry house called, I think, the Hen Coop.

Of my second stay at The Country Club I have one vivid memory. It was, I suppose, in time of Prohibition not wholly rigid. On my first night I had gone early to bed, but was



THE AUTHOR, SO, PENDING REPORT



QUIET. BICKHAM DORMITORY HOUSE, HAS BEEN WRITING GOLF FOR OVER 50 YEARS

welcomed by a member. He was very sorry, but thought he had left a bottle of whiskey under my pillow. And so he had, though I had not perceived its outline, and after its return we parted with mutual apologies.

The atmosphere of these hospitable American clubs was, as I remember it, essentially one of comfort: of unceremonious snugness. We here at the dormy house deem ourselves very snug. We live under the matriarchal ease of a lady who is an admirable cook and is reinforced by two men servants. Not only are we cozy but we seem to me, and I have been a member for well over 50 years, essentially immutable.

This placid life changes at the weekend to one of cheerful bustle. A small flood of London golfers pours down upon us, sometimes to play a match against Ryce, sometimes to take part in the Old Ryce competition, sometimes merely as a party of friends to play foursomes by day and bridge by night. I may add that I am fortunate in having my own sitting room and my own books and pictures. If I want to scribble, as now, or to sulk, I can be as unsociable as I please, and my room is impervious to the most jovial shouts from the billiard room.

It is to this billiard room that the new arrival on a Friday night repairs to warm himself after his drive or

heaps the golfing plans for the morrow. It is there that the full tide of the club's existence may be said to be. There is a glorious fireplace, where a wood fire crackles with a jolly sound. It has a fire back bearing an ancient coat of arms and two little seats flanking it on either side from which we may look up the great black throat of the chimney, where the wind rumbles on stormy nights, and watch the sparks flying upwards.

For many people this room and this fire stand for 35-odd years of memories of Oxford and Cambridge Golfing Society matches and festivities. No account of the dormy house could be complete without a word or two as to the Society, which is bound to Ryce by very close and special ties. Ryce is indeed more than half officially the home centre of the Society, and it is there in particular that it plays its annual tournament for the President's Putter, which attracts an amateur field of great strength and is the more noteworthy since it is played at a season when all other public golf is dead. It is in the blank days of early January that most of the Society's gentlemen hold our revels, and Providence must have other impediments, snow, say, or the inevitable blank of wartime, we have played every year since 1890, and never yet, touching wood, has the weather beaten us.

It has often been, as the late Duke said of Waterloo, "a close-run thing." We have had once or two frosty years: twice the snow has been so thick that the first day's play must be postponed, only to melt as if by magic and leave the turf beautifully coriandered and smoothed by its white coat. We have had clouds, very black and horrible, threatening to overwhelm us; we have fought against gale winds, and it is no joke having to start your match at 10 o'clock on a winter's morning; but so far we have worried through, and that with a field of hand on a hundred players. And if it can be better our share in the links we think of the welcome than anxious by the billiard-room fire. The sight of Ryce on its cliff top, like some fairy citadel, with its lights beginning to shine through the dusk, and the thought of crumpets and hot baths are almost as warming in imagination as they soon will be in blessed fact.

PEACE BODIES ABOVE

The Putter is for the members of the Society a unique occasion, on which we are all comfortably together, it combines friendliness with rigour, fierce golf and it takes a lot of winning. Holderness, Wethered and Talbot are some of the names immortal on the club's decorated golf balls hanging on the old wooden putter: later come Cranley, Duncan and Skelton, and three years ago Gordon Huddy, a Cambridge undergraduate, outrageously broke into these premises and set an example to insurgent youth.

I am writing not long after the outbreak of the Putter of 1950 which have swept down to fill not only the dormy house but every available bed in Ryce. I suppose you all know the feeling that comes at the end of some cherished holiday, bringing us bitter envy of those who stay behind. When we are already far away they will be light-heartedly pursuing their ordinary avocations, perhaps even playing golf, with no more thought of us than has the dog of the house, snoring himself upon the steps and ready to wag a friendly tail at some new visitor. Many times I have felt that cruel pang of jealousy on leaving the dormy house after the Putter. Now I am the one left behind to see all the others depart. The life here is a daisy, cony routine, broken at intervals by friends from the outside world. Soon they will come and go yet again, and then a great peace will descend on the dormy house.

END



Ski Tip

WILLY SCHAEFFLER
Ski Coach, University of Denver

QUESTION: Can skiers with one or two-week vacations find an interval travel-and-lodging package ski lease for this country and Europe?

Yes, here are some typical vacation tours lasting five days or more, starting out from the larger cities. Price includes round trip, meals on route, room and board, tickets for all lifts.

LOS ANGELES to **San Valley**, seven days, March 14 to 21, travel by Union Pacific RR, stay at Challenger Inn or Chase down, 10 two-hour ski lessons. Price: \$138.00 down; \$45 more for double room. Meals on train extra. See any Union Pacific ticket agent.

SAN FRANCISCO to **Sierra Valley**, 10 days, starting any Friday, by Greyhound bus, stay at Sierra Valley Lodge, three half-day lessons. Price: \$99 up. Little extra: \$25. Contact Garry Tours, San Francisco.

To **Japan**, nine days, March 14 to 22, by Western Pacific RR, stay at Blue Spruce or Ski-Vu Lodge. Price: \$149. Lifts extra. Contact Garry Tours, San Francisco.

SEVEN to **Taan, G. Mass.**, seven days any time, by Continental Airlines, stay at Honda Lodge or Chalet Alpina, daily one-hour lessons. Price: \$138.50 for dorm; \$94 extra per person for double room with bath. Contact Continental ticket office.

DALLAS, HOUSTON, SAN ANTONIO to **Taan**, seven days any time, by Continental Airlines, lodging at Honda Lodge or Chalet Alpina, daily one-hour lessons. Price: from Dallas \$155.10; from Houston \$183.30; from San Antonio \$178, lodging in dorm; \$91 extra per person for double room with bath. Contact Continental Airlines ticket office.

CHICAGO to **Taan**, seven days any time, by Santa Fe RR or Continental Airlines, lodging at Honda Lodge or Chalet Alpina, daily one-hour lessons. Price: \$140.00 Santa Fe RR, \$224.00 Continental Airlines, lodging in dorms; \$90 extra per person for double room with bath. Contact Santa Fe or Continental Airlines ticket office, Chicago.

DETROIT to **Sts. Margareta, Swed.** in the Laxenaviken, nine days, Feb. 14 to 22, by Canadian-Pacific RR, lodging at Chalet Corbaird, two two-hour lessons per day, morning and afternoon. Price:

\$122. Contact Detroit Council of American Youth Hostels, Detroit. This is an AYH group tour, but new members are welcomed; membership fee \$5.

To **Japan**, 20 days, Feb. 20 to March 2, by United Airlines, lodging at Prince Albert or Ransing Park, lifts and meals extra. Cost: \$178. This is an Edison Ski Club tour. Contact John Leary, 3343 Harding, Dearborn, Mich.

NEW YORK to **Lake Placid**, 10 days starting any Friday evening, by bus, lodging at Hotel Marcy, daily two-hour lessons. Price: \$143, with two or more. Lifts extra. Contact Ski Red Tour, New York City.

EUROPE

New York is the jumping-off place for those who want to ski on the continent. All major airlines servicing Switzerland and Germany have banded together to work out three basic tours, with a choice of 38 resorts (others by special arrangement) in Switzerland, Germany, Austria, Italy or France. Round-trip air transportation is to Zurich, Geneva or Munich. Cost to Zurich or Geneva ranges from \$521.00 economy class to \$825.00 first class. There is a special family rate for wife and each child between 12 and 25.

(\$225 per woman; \$145 for first class; children under 12 half fare. Fare to Munich: \$265.00 economy to \$970.50 first class (additional family members \$392.00 to \$578.50). Included in transatlantic air fare is first-class rail transportation from city of arrival to tourist and return. Transportation from **MMN, DAL, DETROIT, HARTFORD** or **PHOENIX** to New York free.

Tour No. 1 is six days at resort of your choice plus six days in Paris (including sightseeing trips). Average cost (additional fares: \$150 to \$238, depending on choice of hotels, from standard to deluxe. All rooms are twin-bed rooms without bath. Tour No. 2 is six days at each of two resorts. Average cost: \$460 to standard to \$625 deluxe. Tour No. 3 is five days at each of three resorts. Average cost: \$440 to \$625. Lifts are not included in any of the tours. Since all costs are independent you may make any side trips you wish, stopping

over at such cities as London, Dublin, Amsterdam, Brussels, Frankfurt, Hamburg, Madrid, Lisbon without paying any additional air fare. Arrangements can be made to suit your own itinerary, even to returning at a later date, if done at time of booking. For more detailed information get in touch with Steve Lohr, General Tours, Inc., 585 Madison Avenue, New York.

One of the best budget ways to ski Europe is to join a ski club that arranges its own trips. Most clubs require that you be a member for six months to a year prior to the tour. Among clubs going to the Alps this year is the **PHILADELPHIA** Ski Club, which plans to take up to 70 skiers (limited to members of the Pennsylvania Ski Federation and their immediate families) on a three-week trip to Kirchbühl and St. Anton, Austria and Klosters and Davos, Switzerland. The group will leave Philadelphia February 21 via Pan American (first-class) per person, including first-class flight to European destination, all bus and train transportation in Europe, lodging, meals, cost of shipping luggage and equipment and one evening's entertainment at a Park night club the night before departure for home. March 15. Contact Willie Hirschman, 112 Loder Rd., Hatboro, Pa. Another such group is the **CHICAGO** Metropolitan Ski Club, which has chartered a Pan American plane for a three-week trip to Kirchbühl and St. Anton, Austria and Davos, Switzerland. The group will leave Chicago on February 22 and return March 1. The cost: \$652 per person, including air fare, meals and lodging. Contact the Harvey Mason Travel Bureau, Chicago. The U.S. Eastern Amateur Ski Association plans two three-week trips to Europe via TWA. Both tours will leave from New York, at 401 Hudson Yards building across. The first leaves January 28 for Munich, returning from Geneva February 21. The second leaves February 14 for Zurich, returning from Zurich March 7.

The USASA provides air transportation only; skiers are on their own once they land in Europe. Cost: \$299.95. Contact Edwin D. Euton, 248 Steele Rd., West Hartford, Conn.



CHARLES GOREN / Cards

Meet the team: SIDNEY LAZARD

This is the fourth of a series introducing some of the players in the forthcoming World Bridge Championships.

THE NEW PARTNERSHIP on our bridge team, which goes into action against Italy and Argentina for the World Championship next week, is Sidney Lazard, 27, an oilman from New Orleans, and Lee Harnet, a New York attorney. They will be playing a "hit-and-run" system which allows extremely light opening bids on hands with as little as 12 points and occasionally a trifle less. Since attack is the best defense, especially against artificial systems, it is expected that these powder-puff opening bids will often rob the Italians of their most effective weapon—the artificial one-club opening.

Lazard is a fine player, as evidenced by this hand.

North-South vulnerable
East dealer



The explanation that Lazard gives for his bidding proves how valuable it is to be familiar with what the

opponents' bids mean. In this hand, Sidney had the advantage of playing against his frequent partner, Bill Hanna, who held the East cards.

Here was Lazard's chain of reasoning. East's pass on the second round disclosed his bid as a psychic. It was his invariable habit (at that time) to psyche in his longest suit. West's three-heart bid (knowing Bill had psyched) expected a raise from East, providing East held four hearts. Since East had thought briefly before bidding four hearts, Lazard reasoned this could only be because he held three cards in the spade suit and was considering bidding three spades. So South counted East's distribution as not including more than a single diamond.

On the other side of the table, West's bidding seemed to Lazard to show at least 11 major-suit cards. That left room in his hand for no more than two diamonds and revealed that North must have at least a six-card diamond suit. As Sidney modestly describes his rationalization, "The opponents' tactics had made it necessary for me to guess and, luckily, I guessed right."

There was still a lot of good "guessing" required before the slam came home. West cashed the heart king and continued with the ace, which South trumped with the ace of diamonds (he needed the little ones for re-entry to dummy). Next he cashed the diamond king and led low to dummy's diamond jack. The jack of clubs was led, covered with the queen and taken by the ace. Next came South's last trump to get back to dummy, followed by a fourth diamond, leaving this position:

NORTH		
♠	Q J 10	
♥	3	
♦	2 8	
♣	4	
WEST		
♠	K J 7	
♥	Q 9 8 2	
♦	—	
♣	—	
EAST		
♠	5 4	
♥	—	
♦	—	
♣	10 7 6 5	
SOUTH		
♠	A 3	
♥	—	
♦	—	
♣	K 9 8 3	

Leading a fifth trump forced East to discard a spade, and South threw a club. West came a club down, won by the 8; then the king of clubs, on which dummy's spade 10 was thrown. On the next club, which dummy trumped, West had to blank his king of spades in order to keep the queen of hearts. So dummy led the queen of spades to South's ace and Lazard's spade 3 won the last trick and brought home the slam.

2000

The jockey who loves to cook

When he isn't taking fences in major steeplechases,
French-born Albert Foot takes to the saucopans

WHEN I AM THOUGHT to be a jockey, I should like to be a cook," said Albert Foot. We were sitting in his pretty cottage at Elmont, Long Island, a stone's throw from Belmont Park, in a basement room floored up with a little bar and several tables with red-checked tablecloths—for all the world like a little French café. His wife, Raymond, broke into the conversation to explain that her husband learned to love both horses and to cook when he was a boy growing up in Chantilly, near Paris. His father was English, and a jockey, but his mother was French and a really extraordinary cook. "Now," said Raymond, "Albert cooks when he can; sometimes no time too many horses to ride."

As everyone who follows racing knows, it looks as if there will be many more horses in Albert Foot's life. For though he is 38 years old, he is ideal in build and weight, as well as in experience, for a jockey of jumping horses. Under first call to Mrs. Marion du Pont Scott's Montpelier Farm, he has ridden winners in the past few years in most of the important steeplechase and hurdle races in this country, topping off last year's successful season with his victory on Bengala in the Temple Stakes, the world's richest steeplechase.

In discussing food with me, Foot revealed himself to be a modest but perfectionist cook. The classics of every French home—the perfectly roasted chickens, the soupes riss, the tender omelets, the scurrying soups, the savory ragouts and the innumerable preparations of vegetables that are dear to the French heart—these are what he knows and loves. Some day he may turn the national culinary fence to become a famous chef. Meanwhile, here is his delectable version of *pot-au-feu*, a dish of simple country origin, which is shown as prepared for serving in the photograph on the opposite page.

Pot-au-feu (it translates literally as pot-on-the-fire) is the French equivalent of New England boiled dinner. The broth is served first, with prepared *croûtes* of bread (see recipe), and the meat and vegetables that have cooked in this broth are arranged on a platter, to be served as a succeeding course. Traditional accompaniment to this dish is coarse salt (the kind sold in flakes for



MEAT FAVORITE in London is the French equivalent of the New England boiled dinner.

salt mills). Also pickles, mustard and sometimes a home-made sauce. Leftover meat provides a meal the next day—cut up in dice shape, dressed with a sour French dressing and onion rings and served cold as a salad.

POT-AU-FEU (serves four)

- 2 quarts of cold water
- 3 pounds bottom round or bottom or 10 pounds bottom round and 1½ pounds lean pork
- 1½ pounds beef shank, sliced in 3-inch lengths (or a hamhock of beef served in two)
- 1½ tablespoons of salt
- 2 peeled onion stalks with 1 clove
- 2 medium-sized rutabagas or 2 white turnips, peeled and cut in quarters
- 8 beets, cleaned
- 1 bunch of carrots, scraped and halved
- 1 bouquet tied in three-color bag: sprig of parsley, pinch of dried thyme and a bay leaf
- 1 teaspoon Kitchen Bouquet or meat extract

In a large heavy saucepan or large soup kettle put meat and water. Cover tightly while heating to a rapid boil, so the bone fat goes into the soup repeatedly and deepensening flavors that French cooks call *fond*. Do not allow pot to boil faster than well defined or the floating matter will sink to the bottom and cover the bottom heavily. When boiling commences, put in the salt and the onion, cover and simmer slowly so as to obtain only one or two small bubbles every second. After 2 hours add bouquet and all vegetables except 6 of the beets. After another hour add the remaining beets. When the meat comes out, add to it carrots, rutabagas and arrange meat and vegetables on a platter, discarding bouquet and bone bones. Keep the platter hot on a flameless burner. Reheat broth, adding Kitchen Bouquet for color. Put into marmite or tureen to be filled with soup plates and the table.

Croûtes to accompany broth

Put heated French bread in griddle, then remove to make four pans. Remove all crust (the web, inside part). Heavily paint the remaining crusts with melted butter on all sides. Dry out in a very slow oven till light golden in color and very crisp.

From photographs by Frances Hall Lippitt

Illustration by Frances Hall Lippitt





Adventure on the Serpent River

In the wild and primitive jungles of southern Mexico hunters are discovering a unique outdoor experience

EACH YEAR half a million Americans travel south to Mexico, a vacationland of big fish and bull-fights, exotic beaches and ancient ruins. Some come to relax in the winter sun or to wander through quaint Spanish villages; others to troll the waters of the blue Pacific or the in-

lets along the Gulf. A growing number of them come each season to hunt Mexico's abundant game—jaguars, ocelots, javelinas and myriads of waterfowl—and a few of them are now discovering a new kind of outdoor adventure in the wilderness pictured on these pages. For this is the forgotten

part of Mexico, a primitive and forbidding jungle known as the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, which separates the country's plains and mountains from the peninsula of Yucatan.

A great river flows through the Isthmus, springing from the mountains of Chiapas on the Pacific Coast, and winding like a giant serpent to the Gulf of Mexico on the east. The Coatzacoalcos, which indeed means the sanctuary of the serpent in



Photographer by Walt Wiggins

EMERGING FROM JUNGLE. Guide Florent Contreras (left), Bob Griener and author begin descent down steep bank of Contreras River to waiting canoe.

JOURNEYING UPSTREAM in thicket canoe crowded with firearms and equipment for the hunt, author and husband take time out for napping and reading.



by **VIRGINIA KRAFT**

The language of the Nahuatlán Indians, Ierra, the only access to the rain forests of Tehuantepec. It is a hostile, and mainly uncharted, river. Rapids course over rock-studded shoals, crocodiles linger in brush-shrouded eddies and from the banks a massive wall of growth rises skyward to block out the sun.

On a spring day, when mists rose steaming from the yellow water, my

continued on p. 100



husband Bob Grimm and I followed this river into the jungle of Tehuantepec. We wanted to explore as well as to hunt this wild and lonely part of Mexico. But from our first correspondence with Mexico City Outfitter Tex Purvis, who provided us with our guides and camp equipment, we knew that this was not to be a hunting safari in the ordinary sense.

The game which does exist in the rain forests of Tehuantepec is widely scattered and far less abundant than in central and northern Mexico. A sportsman must hunt long hours under primitive and indescribably difficult physical conditions even to find game, and when he does often the trophy is inferior to that he might encounter farther north. But the challenge of this kind of hunting is perhaps the most exciting—and exciting—left on the continent. It is the same kind of challenge which for centuries has lured adventurers into unmapped wildernesses and mountaintops to the tops of unclimbed peaks. For Bob and me the prospect of exploring Tehuantepec's wild and primitive jungle was far more intriguing than the game we might ultimately bag. In fact, as far as both of us were concerned, any trophy would really be a bonus at the end of a unique experience.

Our crew—Purvis' guide Floyd Canfield, his assistant, 17-year-old George Johannes, and a handful of natives—met us at the airport in Minatitlán, 322 miles south of Mexico City. From Minatitlán we headed inland by truck to Jerde Carranza (see map), the last town of any size on the Coahuilacool. Here we were to pick up our dugout canoes for the river journey and, we hoped, locate a few more natives for our "staff." This was a greater problem than we anticipated. Most of the natives, it seemed, were afraid to join our expedition when they heard we were headed for the interior of Tehuantepec. According to Indian legend, this area is ruled by a jaguar god who does not welcome intruders.

Assisted by a handful of American dollars, however, we finally persuaded four of the natives (including a cook) to join us, purchased additional pro-



Serpent river winds through rainforest jungle of Tehuantepec to Gulf of Mexico.

visions and loaded the canoes with gear, tents, guns, ammunition, four bedraggled-looking hounds and several bottles of Mexican gin, rum and beer, which we bought locally for 25¢, 50¢ and 40¢ per bottle respectively. A gathering of smiling, waving Indians shouted in chorus as we pushed the canoes from shore. The long journey up the Coahuilacool at last had begun.

On the banks of the big river, low marshes turned to steep, tree-covered inclines. The heady scent of tropical vegetation hung heavy in the air. Everywhere fertility was rampant. Green sprouted from black oily soil, on branches and bushes. In the scattered villages along the shore, bare-breasted women heavy with child washed naked toddlers in the water. Nearby, swollen marcs grazed along the banks. Brilliantly colored birds sat on nests, and a pregnant monkey watched us from a tree.

We left immediately, too, the wild loneliness of this land. Back home—in New York, Chicago or San Francisco—it is impossible to imagine how far away from civilization a hundred miles can be. Jungle distance is measured in days, and seasons by the rise and fall of the river. Life, too, is measured in seasons.

It was evening when the shadowy outlines of the last huts on the big river loomed above us in the darkness. The banks were steep now and scraped smooth by centuries of tides. Crude footholds led upward to half a dozen thatched huts. Before them, surrounded by skinny pigs and an aging ox, the village populace watched

our approach in frustration. Strangers rarely travel this far upriver.

A small, wiry Indian separated himself from the others and climbed down the bank to our canoe. Soon the men of the village followed, and behind them, more hesitantly, came several little boys. While Floyd spoke with the Indians who seemed the leader, the children crept closer to Bob and me, their curiosity about our guns and cameras overriding their initial suspicion. In high-school Spanish I asked the closest little boy his name. The question sent all of the children scurrying from us in terror. Only then did I remember that women, here as in many Mexican-Indian communities, are separated socially from men. The children were unprepared for a woman's voice in this masculine caravan.

On the second day, with four more Indians we had picked up at this village, we left the main Coahuilacool and followed an uncharted branch of the river. On a sandpit left by last year's floods we pitched permanent camp, raised the dugouts and built pits in which to cook.

We had brought vast quantities of bottled soda with us—our most valued provision in the tropic heat—cans of staples and a large bag of black beans. We were dependent upon the jungle to yield meat and food. Fish could be gathered from the river by dropping crude dynamite grenades into the water, then swimming frantically against the current to retrieve the stunned fish on the surface. From the trees we shot iguanas, grotesque survivors of a prehistoric age, and quartered the bland-tasting, white-haired meat into steaks.

From this sand-bar camp, home and headquarters for the next 10 days, we now began to explore the utterly wild and trackless area which surrounded us. This was a hilly jungle, its slopes crowded with mangoes, papayas, banana trees and giant mahoganies. Fifty yards from the river, even at noon, only a dim evening glow filtered through the tangled growth and across the narrow vine-covered valleys.

On our first trip we realized how implacable an opponent the jungle could be. Travel through this kind of vegetation was slow and discouraging. In single file we struggled up and down the endless miles of virgin bush, looking for signs of deer, javelina or

continued

▶ **PATIENT HUNT** for jaguar, the jungle's prize, was continuous but always in vain.

est. Theounds we had brought with us were partially useless for much of the hunting. We could neither maintain their pace nor keep track of their whereabouts in the dense growth. And every bush seemed covered with thorns, which ripped at our clothing and skin, ensured our parks and made each step a major effort.

One afternoon we tried using the dogs to flush game on a small island upstream from our camp. Startling ourselves on three sides of the island, we waited expectantly while natives started the dogs off from one fourth. They were on scent almost immediately. As they set up a cry, I could hear what sounded like a very large animal thundering through the growth directly toward me. It was trampling down small trees and bushes with a giant's fury.

I raised my gun and waited, my hand pounding. Abruptly, the animal changed course. With a howl, the dog broke into the clearing where I stood, realized there were too humans, disappeared again into the bushes. From the right I heard a shot, then another. There were pauses, and then a third, much louder shot.

I raced through the bushes toward the sound of the shooting. Flood came running from his position. In a small clearing we found Bob, standing next to about 500 pounds of the scowling animal, an uncertain expression on his face.

"I don't know what it is," he mumbled, "but whatever it is, it came out of the bushes right at me. My first two shots didn't even make it stop."

Floyd laughed. "It's a tapir," he said, "and I bet it was a lot more surprised than you. You seem to have done all right with that last shot though."

"Both of them," Bob said with embarrassment. "I guess in sheer excitement I forgot to push off the safety after reloading. By the time I realized why the gun hadn't gone off, this thing was practically on top of me. I just pulled both triggers and prayed."

Each adventure, like this, was different and unforgettable. With each we discovered still another facet of the vast, wild country around us. In the days that followed, the exhaustion we had suffered upon our first hunt was gradually forgotten as the jungle enchanted us with its particu-

lar magic. We found ourselves eager to reach the next hill, to explore the next valley. Every stream held the promise of excitement and of the fun expected on the other side. Forays from camp stretched into 14- and 20-hour expeditions in which we walked 30 and 42 miles without complaint. Sleep became a necessary but unwelcome interruption.

The land around us was populated with deer, porcupine, rabbit and multitudes of game birds. But the prime we wanted most and worked the hardest for were jaguars—the big cat. The experience of hunting him, especially at night, produced our most exciting moments.

At times a stalked me through the hot, dense forest at other times we tried again carefully to track him with dogs. Sometimes we watched long hours in a tree blind, hoping to lure him to us with an animal call, but most often we hunted in the darkest night along the river's watery edge where cats come to drink.

Hunting with head lamps at night is customary in much of Mexico. In dense jungle such as this it is probably the most feasible method but, as in all hunting, luck plays a major role. On several occasions we found traces at the river's edge, made moments' notice we arrived. Once we found a kill, still warm, but again we were too late.

One evening, with only young George and a native to pole the canoe, I went after the jaguar on its own. Huddled in the bottom of the boat, George and I played our head lamps along the shore, looking for the glint of eyes or a dark, suddenly, in the yellow circle of light, twin flares flickered like rubies on a jeweler's black velvet. They had to be cat's eyes. I pointed my gun into the darkness, just beneath the eyes and fired. There was an angry snarl, the sound of thrashing bushes and then a splash as a heavy body hit the water. In the beam of my light an animal struggled to regain the bank, a dark circle swirling around it in the water.

Even at a distance, I could see it was not a jaguar. It looked more like an overstuffed skunk.

"Tapir or not," George said, "Not very good to eat but it's better than fish."

This was the closest I came to meeting the big cat of the jungle. Nor did I encounter the awesome serpents of the Contrerasales, which intrigued the natives almost as much as their appearance. Like any tropical region, the jungle has its "Telenovelas" and



ANDERS AND GARY SEARCHING FOR THE CONTRASALES WATERS

had its own set of reptiles, many of them poisonous, but even more snakes than pythons, the greatest part of its danger existed in our imaginations. Mischance actually worked against us, especially on certain occasions.

As the only woman in an all-male, plumblineless camp, I had to make some trips into the jungle alone. At night these really scared me. I would postpone these trips as long as possible, then slip surreptitiously from camp, one person at a time, back and forth, with a flashlight in one hand and Floyd's .38 in the other. I don't know why I carried the .38, because I couldn't have hit a horse-hoof at five paces with it, but it comforted me better.

Only young George was game for this. And he decided to do something about it. One day he led me a short distance up the 70° incline of jungle wall behind camp and with the glare of an auto showed me a

strangelooking lotus of saplings and elephant ferns which he had built while we were out hunting.

"Mashimashu," he said with a flourish, "your 'YC.'"

"My what?" I asked in dismay.

"Your YC. You know, ladies' room. Now you won't have to go into the jungle alone any more."

It was a touching gift, and for a moment I thought my problem was really solved. But, unfortunately, George had made a small error. His

other hand, never suffered. This is surprising, because the "cook" we'd enlisted in Santa Catarina—reference is unknown—must unquestionably have had another very different profession before joining us. He seemed dedicated to mutilating everything he touched.

Even so, it was pretty difficult to spoil the taste of *javala* and, a huge, native pheasant which nests in the trees, or the delicate flavor of *kwecwi*, the small jungle deer which at-

habits this area. Primarily, we hunted this game for food. For sport, we found *javala* more elusive and more exciting to track.

The particular hunt started out innocently. It was our last day in the jungle and we had decided to make it a fairly quiet one when the locals raised a piece of *javala* not far from camp. As always, the job of leading the water team was practically impossible. The trail led out of a valley and started upward, hence, growing more and more complex. In the distance, the low-pitched wall of the dogs told us that the trail was still there, but that the pages were moving fast. The natives swung their mus-

cles in short, rapid strokes, slashing down vines and branches as they worked to clear a crude trail for us to follow through the dense growth.

Then far ahead of us we heard the bounds break into full bells. They had the *javala* in sight at last. As if on signal, the natives stopped chopping and started toward the sound of the continuation.

Before I could realize what was happening, I was completely alone. In every direction the jungle seemed forbiddingly above me in a solid wall of green.

There is a time in fear when suddenly all sound stops. My breathing, unobserved, stopped too. In the jungle heat I was cold, and I think I was as close to experiencing real panic as I have ever come.

Then the silence was broken by a distant bark. Birds began to sing again. Insects chirped. Twigs lit

from trees and somewhere on my left I heard the sound of trickling water. The moment of terror was over. Initiating a corrected movement of the natives, I started through the tangled vines and trees toward the dogs. In a few minutes I came upon Bob, picking his way through a dark thicket. I'd probably been within shouting distance of him all along. Together we crept up to Floyd and the natives.

The page were searching, with the dogs close behind, then the idea of looking, we could keep them going forward as through the low brush. Not more than 10 feet away, a stream of foliage began to appear, as first one, and then another animal rose through it. We held our fire. There was no way of telling whether the movement was dog or pig. Floyd signaled us to get up, so we did, to raise the page, then out in our direction. Although *javala* in this area rarely goes over 50 pounds, they are still as dangerous to a hunter on foot, particularly when they are being chased in a pack through heavy brush. Their sharp tusks can slash through a foot or trouser leg as cleanly as a five-bladed razor.

As the noise of the chase died off, Bob scrambled to a better position, leaving the natives would circle again. This time they were being chased toward a clearing directly in front of us. Above the same growl, and over it Floyd shouted, "Water, our water!" But died as a streak of brown flashed across the clearing. The animal faltered, then dropped with a grunt at the edge of the bush. In an instant the dogs were on top and, the other page together in the excitement.

The *javala* hunt was over, and with it our jungle adventure. We broke camp the next morning and began the trip down river and back to civilization. The safari had been a hard one, made more so by the primitive conditions under which we had camped. The hunting itself had been as rugged as any we had ever done, and we exchanged narratives and remembrances with the natives as fast. We repeated the mark of only one—the jaguar. That wild and elusive cat still haunts our memories of the magnificent wilderness along the Contareucos, and if someday we should ever go back again, it will be because the jaguar, the native's god of the serpent river, is still its most challenging prize.

END



A PRIMITIVE BUT ENJOYABLE WAY OF BEATING THE HEAT

structure was perched directly over a nest of bees.

Besides this brief encounter with bees, mosquitoes and gnats gave us the most trouble. Not only were their appetites insatiable but they actually seemed to enjoy our insect repellent. In desperation Bob tried a substitute with some of our old Mexican gin (it had a taste, we thought, which should repel any living thing), and to our amazement we discovered that indeed it did—the mosquitoes didn't like it any better than we! Although we wound up smelling like Martinis, from that point on we were rarely bothered by insects. And we never missed the Mexican gin.

ACCORDING to legend, the jungle heat, which sometimes reached 120°, took away most of our taste for liquor. Our appetites, on the



HAIL

The first matador since Manolete to establish a clear claim to lasting greatness is a 26-year-old Spaniard named Antonio Ordóñez

by KENNETH TYNAN

AT THE HEIGHT of the bullfighting world, and at the height of every bullfighter's aspiration, there is a sort of pantheon, an inner sanctum reserved for the few who have earned the title of *torero de plaza*—matadors, that is to say, with whose names a whole epoch will be associated.

Within living memory, not more than five new names have crept onto this golden list: Domínguez and Beltrame, in the great days of their rivalry; Domingo Ortega, the master of the *Corre Chacabarrera*, the Mexican all-rounder; and, of course, Manolete, who died 12 years ago on the right horn of a Miura bull. The tally is short, and you cannot buy your way on to it. Several matadors in the past decade have commanded prices as high as Manolete's but it takes more than that to satisfy the inner circle of aficionados; these thousand matinees parades who follow the bulls all summer long, often to the despair of their families, sometimes to the ruin of their businesses. Nor is valor, however immense, enough; nor, by themselves, are grace, technique and dominating power. The *torero de plaza* must have all these, working consonantly together. He must also endure. A couple of dazzling seasons, followed by prudent retirement, are not enough for an epoch maker. Finally, and least definably, his style must be personal; inimitable without being eccentric.

ANTONIO ORDÓÑEZ, putting the matador's head aloft in his left hand and clutching himself with the dignity of a *torero de plaza*, lifts his mentor to the pedestal in the ritual inspired for generations to lift the bull that provides the *faena*.

A TORERO DE EPOCA!

In the years immediately after Manolete's death there were many who thought that Luis Miguel Domínguez might qualify; and, certainly, no one alive knows more about the handling of fighting bulls than this tall, contemptuously handsome Castilian. But with his knowledge there went an academic coldness and a style that was a rubber stamp rather than a signature. Something was missing: and Luis Miguel, the self-proclaimed *Niño de la Palma*, did not help matters by taking a long holiday after officials decided to enforce the old *tauroma* code which banned clipping and blunting bulls' horns, a repulsive modern safety measure that had become prevalent. Last summer, gambling a fortune on publicity, he made a full-fledged comeback. And very impressive it was: there were afternoons of textbook classicism. It was also too late. For last summer the word had gone round. The drama of the *afición*, not only in Spain but wherever bull fever rages, were all beating in unison for the first time in 11 years. They were beating not for Luis Miguel but for a young Andalusian named Antonio Ordóñez, who revealed himself, during the Spanish season of 1968, as the first undisputed *torero de época* since the death of Manolete.

The revelation was no overnight affair. Ordóñez was then 26 and had been fighting bulls in public for a decade. Ever since his debut as a novillero he had been recognized as a suave and infinitely dangerous performer, possessed of a buoyant, chivalric quality that made one think of giant-killing Jacks and boys on burning decks. He had, almost in excess, the attributes known as *garbe*, which an English enthusiast once defined to me as "a lithe, devil-may-care grace that hits the nail on the head, really

and happily, with no more than the precisely appropriate eye-flicking flourish." But among the critics there had been quibbles. Antonio was prone to fits of apathy; his killing was more often feeble and scrupulous than solid and foursquare. In 1963, to top everything, he got married, and wives, who like their husbands whole, are notoriously bad partners for bullfighters. Yet last year he summoned up all his powers, the skills we thought he had forgotten, as well as those he seemed never to have learned, and became the best. Apathy was banished: he fought every bull that faced him as intently as if he were proving himself for the first time before an unimpaired audience. "I wanted this season," he said to me last October, "to be something special." In 1968 he continued the opinion of Ernest Hemingway, his friend and admirer, who thinks him the greatest bullfighter he has ever seen.

His links with Hemingway go

in Ronda, and he is the father of Antonio. Between father and son there are differences and similarities which we must study if we are to comprehend them. Both, of course, were fearless, but that in itself means nothing. It simply implies a lack of imagination, an inability to envisage the consequences of a slashed femoral artery or a punctured lung. In this sense all good bullfighters are fearless: their minds do not form images of the possible and terrible future. Conventionally, they all say they feel fear, but what they mean by the word is not what I mean. I once heard a girl tell Antonio that she had seen him receive a going that put him in a hospital for a month. Quite conversationally, he replied: "Didn't it seem to you a pretty thing?" I've seen bullfights; yet if the wound had been a few centimeters deeper he might have died.

It is not courage that makes Antonio unique, but gentleness. This

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

With the publication of *Bull Fever* in 1955, Kenneth Tynan, already famous in England as a drama critic, attained international distinction as an authority and brilliant commentator on the bullfight and bullfighters. The accompanying article is the considered result of his first recent visit to Spain, made shortly before he came to the U.K. to accept the post of drama critic for *The New Yorker* magazine.



deeper than this. In 1926 Hemingway wrote *The Sun Also Rises*, a central character of which is a seductive matador called Pedro Romero. The name was lifted from a great seminal figure of *tauromachy*, born in Ronda two centuries ago, but the character was based on Cayetano Ordóñez, nicknamed *Niño de la Palma*, a popular bullfighter of the '20s whom Hemingway knew well. He, too, was born

may seem a paradox, applied to a man who last year stabbed about a hundred and fifty bulls to death. Yet he kills with kindness; and he plays his bulls with a generosity that makes them colleagues, not enemies. Every pass announces, as Orson Welles once said of Antonio, "not what I can, but what I am." Alone among the toreros, he eschews arrogance. He never

continued

horned ones, squabbling with the crowd or resorting to phony ruckus drama. His fighting is calm and contained, its rhythm as casual as that of a hop drummer during his rumbas. He is the opposite of what a non-Spanish audience expects a *torero* to be. Involved as he is in a career which kills men, horses and bulls, he pampers temperately, with a modest smile. He is of middle height, with elegant shoulders tapering down to light, pointed feet; one notices a slight stoop and knees that tend just perceptibly to knock. The face is boyish and considerate, with amused, crinkling eyes. Any woman would expect him to invite her to dance. No bull would. Yet he turns back, and back against the invitation.

Outside the ring he has no hobbies. He owns a Rolls-Royce and a Mercedes and enjoys driving them, sometimes very dangerously indeed, but he is bored by the usual matador's pastimes—riding, shooting and cock-fighting. Disillusioningly, his pet spectator sport is soccer, and one of his ambitions is to see the Bilbao Athletic play in Brazil. By Spanish standards he is very rich: he has a nine-room apartment in a smart quarter of Madrid and a 2,000-acre ranch in Andalusia. Meeting him, in fact, for the first time, you would not guess that he had ever had to earn money in his life—you would take him for the slightly pampered son of rich parents. Yet he has been earning since adolescence, and in the hardest possible way. The effort has left plenty of scars on his body, but none on his mind, which is a simple book readily opened.

His father once had the same charm and sweetness, though to see him today you would hardly guess it. Surviving on a small pension paid by Antonio, he is a ravaged and depleted veteran who looks much older than his 55 years. He first fought in 1923, and a year later the great critic Corrales associated him with the phrase: "*Como Ronda era Nono Cayetano*." "He comes from Ronda and his name is Cayetano." Both place and name have a special resonance in the world of bulls. Ronda, a hillside city built astride a gorge 400 feet deep, was the birthplace of the Romance dynasty of bullfighters which flourished two centuries ago and changed the whole drama of aristocratic, equestrian sport into a popular art practiced on foot. The name Cayetano has equally imposing overtones: it recalls Cayetano Sosa, perhaps the greatest bullfighter of the middle 19th century.

For a while the young Cayetano lived up to Corrales's tribute. In 1928 he was the rage of the peninsula, a prodigy of grace and freshness; nobody could resist him, women and critics alike, and many good judges predicted that he would revolutionize the *toro* itself. But before long he was brutally goaded, and a decline set in. It became preposterous, by what is probably no coincidence, soon after his marriage, in the summer of 1927, to a handsome Andalusian gypsy—the women, as the saying proverb says, inflict more goings than the bulls. For whatever reason, his confidence dimmed, though he went on fighting until the civil war. The loss he suffered, the man he spent. He went to the Americas, where he

fought himself still further into debt and exotic adventure. By 1932 he had two sons, Cayetano and Juan, and very little money. That was his worst year; he fought only a dozen times. It was the year in which Antonio was born.

For some critical genetic reason, a matador's third son often grows up to surpass his father. Luis Miguel and Antonio Benavente are other examples of this. Antonio Ordoñez, with a globe-trotting speedthrill for a father, had strict and obvious reasons for wishing to improve on the paternal example. Both his elder brothers became *toreros*, neither with much success. Juan took notice of Antonio's equine assistants. Of his younger brothers, Pepe made a showy Madrid debut but has since, as Antonio says, "lost heart for the bulls"; and Alfonso, a bulky red-faced boy, embarked last year on an exceptionally unpromising career as a *señorito*. None of them was Antonio's slave. He himself would blithely admit this, but he would probably attribute it to the fact that he, slave of the five sons of Cayetano, was born in Ronda. Not that he thinks himself a product of those-called Ronda school, which is popularly supposed to represent grace simplicity as opposed to the baroque flourishes of the Sevillian school. A famous critic once said of Antonio that his rage came from Seville and his inertia from Ronda. I asked him last year if he agreed. He shrugged and smiled. "My rage is my own," he said, "and my inertia is my own. They come from myself."

He left school at 11 to prepare himself for a career as a *torero*, and in his first two seasons displayed a serene, instinctive classicism that at once entranced the parrots, though he was overshadowed in publicity by Apolo and Lalo, two polytechnical acrobats who had the luck to be hired by Mandato's former manager, the widely and immensely powerful Cuenca. If anything, top agents control bullfighting even more effectively than they control Hollywood, and Cuenca saw to it that Antonio was successfully kept out of the limelight. In Madrid, on May 24, 1934, he fought what he now remembers as the most crucial fight of his life. He had doubted his ability to graduate to the bigger bulls, a bull matador must fight, but that day he triumphed, before the hushed eyes in Spain, and two months later he took three victories.



A TURNING POINT in Antonio's career came at Mexico City in December 1935 when he killed the brave bull Escudado after a few that brought memories of Mandato.



DISPOSED IN ACTION (caption) Imperious Antonio is playing his last trick, and draws the bull past him with an *apunte por afu* (an "added pass") to the left.

For three years thereafter he aped across the high plateau of success. Heard Luis Miguel (whose father was now Antonio's manager) traveled, fought and revelled together; though there were times, especially when Antonio had scored a success, when one caught on Luis Miguel's face a frozen, enigmatic look, as if he saw that a palace revolution was in progress and that his protégé was trying on the crown for size. For Antonio, as far as all *toreros*, there were interludes of disaster: and Spanish crowds enjoy magnifying them, since a bull ring is about the only place in Spain where people can assemble in public and

scream with rage without being arrested. Antonio's worst afternoon was in 1962 at Marizales in Colombia, where he heard not just three warning trumpets (after which the bull must by regulation be taken out of the ring alive) but five, a disgrace probably unique in taurine history. "It was my bull," he says, "and I wanted to kill it." Eventually, he did.

I saw him often in those early years — fluent in Pamplona, commanding in Madrid and managing, during an electric storm at Valencia, to fill the plaza with the creative pleasure he felt while handling a good bull. You saw him polishing his passes as a jew-

eler polishes his stones; lightness of heart and seriousness of purpose went hand in hand. He was, above all, capricious: nobody had a longer repertoire, and nobody used it with greater freedom. For Antonio the bullfight was not a tragic conflict, it was a lyrical partnership. There were days, of course, when he seemed lazy and disaffected, but these are inevitable when you are fighting 70 times or more in an eight-month season, and I ascribed them at the time to his gypsy parentage. It was not until the end of 1963 that I began to suspect analogies between Antonio and his ruined father.

He married María del Carmen, the pretty dark-haired sister of Luis Miguel, and then, like his father, went into temporary retirement. On his return he looked listless and disoriented. His afternoons of glory were few, and as too many *corridos* he would exert himself only on one bull and, as we say, "walk through" the others. Before he could recover himself, military service kept him out of the ring for most of 1955. And no sooner did he come back to the bulls, in the spring of 1956, than he received a near-fatal goring. That summer almost everyone gave him up, except his blindest fans, who couldn't bear to, and his relatives, who couldn't afford to. True, he was earning something like \$6,000 a fight; but out of that he was supporting his parents, four brothers, a sister, a wife and two baby daughters, Carmen and Ana. Not to mention a cut to his manager, a cut to his squadron of *peones* and a cut to the critics. One of Antonio's closest friends has estimated that it costs him around \$800 in free seats and critical insurance every time he appears. He had, moreover, started the 1955 season flat broke after his long absence, and several old friends had suddenly turned obstinate about repaying debts.

Just when the new — or perhaps the real — Antonio emerged is hard to say. Late in 1956 he went to Mexico to earn some dollars ("en Washington," he calls them), and in December word came of a triumph at Mexico City with a bull named Casabel, one of the bull domes finest displays. It was said, ever seen in the capital. Back in Spain (next season, he grew in stature as the months passed. He had learned to kill and to care about killing and even adopted the ancient, perilous custom of killing *resaca*s

continued

—i.e., not plunging at the bull but receiving the bull's charge on his sword. From time to time he would put on his own *banderitas*, which most Spanish matadors leave to their assistants. At the end of the year all the pairs died. Antonio was a complete hero. He had survived the real time, the period of dusk and disillusion that spurs nine out of 10 young matadors into retirement. But the end of 1967, for Antonio, proved to be no more than a foretaste of the splendour of 1968.

It was during the spring that the first rumors filtered through to me: unheard-of things were happening in Spain. My instinct told me to be wary, having been caught that way before; but the English *espíole*, a distant and relentless hand, kept nagging at me to check on their verities; and I went last August, to the bull fair at Málaga—which is now, by the way, the brightest spot on the Spanish tourist calendar. Antonio fought on five days and ran from 12 to 16 bulls (bulls amounting to 22 cuts, three tails and a hoof. It was a sustained demonstration of the values that distinguish bullfighting from butchery. Moreover, I saw to my amazement that Antonio was taking pains over difficult, hesitant, conventionally hard bulls which in the past he would have lined up and killed without caring. Now he was the patient instructor, teaching them to charge at his will and to make around him the wheel-like patterns that he wanted. His five fights at Málaga came toward the end of a 20-day period during which he was contracted for 20 evenings across the length and breadth of Spain. His last day at Málaga, and the best bullfight I have ever seen, was the last.

The bulls were of Pablo Romero, an old Sevillean breed renowned for their size and nobility. Antonio was fighting alongside Gerardo Sánchez, a rugged, graceless exponent of notable valor, and Curro Gilén, the cocky young gambler from Venezuela. Anxiously poised in fighting his first bull, Antonio cut the expected two ears. Sánchez tried hard, expending himself in the self-consuming style that reveals a passer-by bullfighting, and ran once. Little Gilén, unable to adapt his frisky athleticism to the serious demands of a Pablo Romero, cut nothing. It was the fourth bull, and Antonio's collaboration with it, that belonged to the anthologies.



Moment of danger occurred in Málaga just summer when Gifford presented me—I must confess and disavow—on the floor. Here, finishing up bull's ears and cloth and drawing him through in a natural pass. Perfect kill came a few minutes later (opposite).

A newcomer, seeing this as his last bullfight, might well have been bewildered and even disappointed. Where were the frills and the flourishes he had been led to expect? Where were the gestures of arrogance, the tragically haunted eyes, the cross-screaming with fright? For Antonio gave nothing of those. Earlier in the week, with less ponderous, high-speed bulls, he had shown us the full spectacular repertoire, more than once talking to his knees and taking the first charge with a cape brandished over his head. But with this bull, older and wiser than most, older and wiser methods were required. Instead, bullfighting, in fact. Our newcomer would have seen nothing more sophisticated than a pleasant-looking young man walk-

ing lightly and firmly toward a bull, regarding it not with fury but with attentive sympathy, and then—of all dull things—making it pass him in what appeared to be slow motion. But this, I am afraid, is the very core of bullfighting, and it is not at all surprising to watch. The object is not to make you cry out, clutch your neighbor, avert your eyes. The object is not you at all, but the bull; and the method is to stand still, provoke the charge and control, with your wrists, both as points and its reflexity; and thereafter, still motionless, to arrange and vary three passes in series, a weak left, others low, some with the right hand, others with the left, until the bull's full quality has been revealed and it is time for the kill.

All this Antonio unashamedly did. Even his detractors concede him peerless with the cape; and the eight novices with which he greeted the Pablo Romero were the finest I remember. Foisted with his legs slightly apart, leaning pensively over the bull as he ushered it past him, he seemed almost abstracted, yet when he had finished the animal was hypnotized. His cape was majestic. When the horns had gone and the headshirts were in, he went out with the red cloth and the sword wearing the breathless half-smile that with him always presages a triumph. A few close, feinting passes, with one knee on the ground; then upright, with sword and cloth extended, while the bull charged and exchanged beneath. Then circles of less, feinting passes, with the right hand, the horns slicing close yet conveying, such was Antonio's security, no sense of panic. And then the same advances with the left hand creeping forward, inching those profound and lethargic astrophysicists of his, each linked with the last, to again in the sequence, no flaws in the rhythm, the whole pattern nature and punctuated, now and then, with swooping breast passes to release the tension. He did nothing that was not strictly traditional, and nothing that was not flavored with his own gentleness.

At last, in the center of the ring, he fought along his sword and went in smoothly and squarely above the horns. Stepping back, he raised his hand in the gesture bullfighters use when they know their throat is mortal. The bull, completing the tableau, rolled over at his feet and died. The ring was a snowstorm of waved handkerchiefs; ears, tail and head must be cut for Antonio and the bull dragged round the circle to be cheered. As it passed him, healed by the horses, he stretched out a hand toward it, indicating that the crown belonged there and not with him. Signaling for the team to stop, he knelt and gave the bull back its own, which he tried to place in its mouth. As he acknowledged the applause and the tears I glanced at Sánchez and Giron, who had watched the performance transfixed. Both knew, as we all did, that they had seen the thing itself, the pure and perfect bullfight. And both had to prove to us that they, too, were roused. The last two bulls were tricky, and neither matador shone; whereupon it was announced that each had decided to buy an extra bull, at a personal cost of about \$500

apiece. I have never known this to happen before, and it took Antonio to provoke it. His smug colleagues both assented over their errors and outvars and tails, but the assents were in the nature of consolation prizes. "Very brave," said the man next to me, applauding, "but there is a difference. Antonio is the difference."

Next day he was at the other end of Spain, fighting at San Sebastian in the north and cutting ears in both his bulls. Writing of his performance with the second, a perillous hacker, one critic went so far beyond giving value for money that I suspect he must have been sincere: "On Tuesday, Antonio Ordóñez taught us, at length how bulls should be fought, and demonstrated once more that he is one of the greatest artists the bullfight

has given us across the centuries. Mastery and art, temperament and perfect outline, authenticity of spirit plus an exquisite sense of form: the truth, in fact." During this display anxiety, unattended silence settled on the crowd, as if an experience so rare-fied would have been shattered by a rude explosion of life. After one series of passes a man stood up on the shady side and made a simple statement, which echoed, such was the hush, around the ring. "What there was ever better!" he said. "You are the best." The next day, in the same plaza, Antonio cut three more ears. His third fight in San Sebastian began with a problematical, wandering bull which he handled correctly but without appealing to the nonexpert majority. He dedicated his second

continues

MOMENT OF TRUTH was reached at Milaga when Ordóñez made a single, perfect sword thrust to kill Pablo Romero's bull. He steps back to give the bull his hand in traditional salute which indicates matador's confidence that the thrust was fatal.



bull to ex-Queen Sorana and gave it a regal fawn, which was approaching its end when, turning prematurely after a series of left-hand passes, he took a great stab with the horn in his left thigh. The impact sent him yards across the sand. Fighting off the person who hurried in to carry him out of the ring, he returned to the bull, with blood streaming down to his ankle, and gave it four more impetuous passes, followed by the sword. He waited for the death and even then refused to surrender to his injury. A ceremony had to be completed. The ear was cut: he took it, bowed to Sorana, and bled. He was carried, as an observer wrote next day, "not just to the infirmary, but a few meters closer to the pinnacle of bullfighting."

Juanito Quintana, a wrinkled little man who resembles a shelled tortoise, is a close friend of Ernest Hemingway and one of the most respected aficionados alive. In 1948 he came to the conclusion that Ordóñez was the best torero since Jacobito, who was killed in the ring 39 years ago. Being a perfectionist, he naturally has reservations. Sometimes, he says, he finds in Antonio some *faltas de gracia*, which means literally "a lack of temper" and by extension a tendency to relax the bullfight too much and deprive it of some of its struggle. Thus, as Juanito admits, in the game we have to play for Antonio's encyclopedic knowledge of bulls. There are other shortcomings. Like most star matadors, Antonio avoids the huge and alarming Miura bulls like the plague. Four years ago one of the breed narrowly failed to kill him, and since that day he has faced them only once—in Seville where he was so bad that horns were hurled through the windows of his car as he left the bull ring. There isn't much room for improvement. There isn't much time, for Antonio has no intention of retiring until he has contracted every disease. "Is Luis Miguel still *Número Uno*?" I asked him last year. "He says so," said Antonio, speaking without irony but also without very much conviction. He knows that transiency governs. Before long he will have to prove it, unequivocally, by passing the final test. This is to fight six bulls single-handed in the Madrid arena, a feat of stamina and concentration which ultimately decides a matador's range, class and place in history. It



SYMBOL OF TRIUMPH, BULL'S TAIL AND HOOF ARE SHOWN TO CROWD BY ORDÓÑEZ

has been attempted only half a dozen times in the last 39 years. Luis Miguel tried it, with gray results, in 1948. It should be Antonio's next and most vital hurdle.

Most children, at least in Europe, are brought up on stories of individual valor. In most of them the hero, a knight or warrior, has a sword; often it is a sword of magical proportion, and it may have a name, such as Excalibur. It is part of the appeal of the bull ring that it is the only place on earth today where you can pay to see a sword being used for the purpose for which it was invented. Yet, oddly enough, the fight with which Ordóñez entered his career was one in which he need no sword at all. Every year in September, to celebrate the wheat harvest, six breeders send six hand-picked bulls to the traditional corrida held in Jerez de la Frontera, the true heart of the bull country. Antonio's, last year, was a three-year-old by Benito-Cubero and named *Comparsa*. Already, when his appearance was done, he suspected that this was a *toro de bander*, a bull for which dogs should be used, and a tremendous assault on the horses convinced him. After one pair of horses died he asked for the punishment to cease. By now the public, too, had realized *Comparsa*

was quality and began to booish the president of the ring to pardon him.

With sword and muleta, Antonio began the last act of the fight. The crowd was in apoplexy and at length the president acquiesced. Three blasts of the trumpet declared that the indomitable, innocent bull had been granted a pardon. Smiling, Antonio threw away his sword and continued the fight undefended save by a stick and a yard of serge. Bull and man, both at the height of their powers, rose to each other. The *torero* was superbly "the most monumental," said one critic, "seen in Jerez since three immortals." At the end of it, Ordóñez lined up the bull as if to kill *seis veces*. The toreros came and Antonio awaited it, leaning over the horns with uncalculated courage and placing the palm of his hand on the spot, just behind the marginal of neck muscle, where the sword would normally have entered. *Comparsa* then let me ring alive, to spend his remaining years in the luxurious haven that is the lot of the saved bull. The papers next day erupted in eulogy, for the bull as much as his partner. I found it somehow appropriate that Ordóñez, the good-natured bullfighter, should have made history with a bull he did not have to kill.

*Tempest for a Teakettle
on a Frozen Tarn*

Curling in the traditional setting — where brothers are a' and competition is fierce.

DR. WILLIAM C. GUYTON

I snatched the previous parcel into a wide trade pocket—in the Highlands of Scotland we call it a preacher's pocket—and, thanking my host for his good wishes, proceeded on my way. The air was crisp, the frost would hold, and the game was the final for the Silver Kettle: a real kettle that would pour, supported by sturges' beams, with a lid that was lifted by its curling-stone handle; an old piece of the silvermith's craft, fought for manfully with skill, cunning and wild shouts. Perhaps I had been tempting Providence, in the local saying, by buying the patch; but if I was taking a chance on that, I hoped it might be understood as the highest level that my concern was for tradition and not—or not altogether—for winning the kettle.

And traditions were slipping. Nowadays in this Highland glen, folk rolled up on four wheels to the lee on the small loch as if sailing were a game almost like any other. But there in this same glen the celebration of a marriage had once upon a time lasted for a week. Now a couple could get married in an hour or two and off they went. Things were going that way.

With snow on the high tops and silver firs on the birches, the view

looked well. Presently I saw the thick-walled tower of a dark chert-
tain's stronghold among its trees and
on the off hillside a wide scatter of
cottages on their small farms or crafts.
A few eyes would have scanned the
western sky last night for the easy
splendour haze whose muteness silence
since the ice will hold.

Not that ice, or, really, worries any more the Royal Caledonian Curling Club when it issues its invitations to curlers abroad, far on the indoor rinks of a handful of Scottish towns ice is artificially made. Here international matches take place. When teams from the United States came over for the first time in 1932 to fight it out with the Scots they had a rick recognition in every town before the game. This was not strategy, even if the States lost over-all, but evidence of that brotherhood in hospitality which is the traditional spirit of a game that has centuries behind it.

In other days brotherhood was taken for granted; ice was the difficulty. The nearest boat took four days of frost to get a skin thick enough for playing to be reasonably risked. At the end of the first day, the weather prophets got talking and gray beards wagged. At the end of the second, hope caught a fearful hold. After that a man scanned the sky and the mystery more frequently—perhaps than at any other time. On the evening of the third day the fiery cross went round, warms were

Source: *Author's calculations*

TOTAL

The fully grown No. 11 Gilaia stone is supposed to be applied to the sides of the nose and, when necessary, washed in the phlegma used when the nose is supplied by steam, the wings in the phlegma of a *Scorpa*, or No. 1; the No. 1 is the mark on the stick for which the various ones and the flower is the wings around it. A long piece is a line consisting of the stick's length from the top, a long one above falling short of it is long as measured from the top. The flower is to gain a good position by becoming your chief of number, to reach one egg on a stone to be much smaller only very lightly, to be in the center of all the stones in the No. 10 and in the No. 11. The first one on each stone has the stone, one stone and one stone mean is to go to the other end and there they all look over.

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of your health can
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[illegible]

surprised a few natives. And there was Jim Herby with it, in particular, a couple of tough patches. A cut-a-pair of wind, a shower of snow, can turn a freezing surface into more than a sub-zero problem in the next few seconds. Advantage for the earlier who like to negotiate them, especially at a critical moment. His command in this particular case: from back of the line, either man, throw back where the problem cannot be solved and return safely, etc.

When all is ready we have a "total end." This may develop adequately that position because the "little and smaller" pattern. As the sliver enters the falling sheet, falling off at an angle, the top edge, the condition of the, both generally and in special spots, engaged and approached, several made. But ending position, such that, the differences of shape, weight and polish; and, indeed, each wire has a "lower" side and a "rough" to suit the nature of the use. The position within and the wire wire.

[illegible]

There is the traditional game of sailing as it is still played, or, more accurately, throughout Scotland, though artificially created shallow ponds here and there get sailing too. Of course, the Coast, indeed, is the whole of Scotland, is made up of the shores of innumerable, unlike the large, deep, of any size, with a main that the towns that remain at the end of its narrow line. Shape of things is, in fact, rather than, the most of the things that, for some 100 years in Scotland, it is clearly a story with a church hole, a mark, in the shape of a

I once saw a grizzled sailor out of a weather ship, his eyes to his hips, at a working game with a line of two dozen out of men who had lost a leg each. He and meekly, torn-down, old, shrunken, and even the ship was as surprised to see in the middle of the Silver Breeze, and a hundred feet there were some more and a few of one channel point from water to see to accept his sympathy, the same that looked like dying on him before it curled in. He his mark that his captured himself was a wanted to behold.

Nearly 50 years long after the startling stories, plantations were endowed with oak, ash, sycamore and trees by the ancient Creeks. His first store a rather modest address by name, through the Survey on deck, and the second, Mary or Jean Hardy would be sent down to clear away destructions like quarrels, but Jones would be dispatched with

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- [illegible]

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the spring-summer months and that it is a seasonal phenomenon. The authors also suggest that the prevalence of the disease is related to the season of birth, with a higher prevalence in those born in the winter months.

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TEMPEST ON A TARN continued

cutting wide to lie where the ship wanted her. Hooks, ice, rain and high heaven were of a piece, and if Jean didn't die just what was suggested of her, she was told about it.

Within this higher concept of sisterhood and brotherhood, sailing is not simply a thrilling game nor yet a wildly hysterical one. The pace is one more of "something far more deeply inter-fused" consciousness. It means, obviously, man's responsibility on both feet at once, like an abstract variety of kangaroo, barely swamping hooks of work and crushed ice from Jean's hoisted advances, he may also be required to bend before her the very ice of the back itself.

THE BACK OF THE SCOTCH

It was rock and rock to the second to last end, where we were lying two shots as the opposing ship gripped the last handle. He played a beautiful shot that went through a narrow port to smack off one stone, chuck an egg on another and lie. But the luck to which we was entitled gave him an extra shot and, counting two, they squared the game. The last end was tense as the ice, and I had to play the last stone. What can a man have beyond good fortune? We won the kettle, and when "luck" was taken at me I shook my head, saying, "It was Providence."

Inside the hut two tinkering quidlers helped us to stow our stomach away. Then I retrieved the hidden parcel, and, as its paper wrappings rustled, eyes open curious. "Gentlemen," I said formally, "there was a tradition once upon a time that the Silver Kettle should be filled by the winning skip. I have been fortunate, despite dim prospects to improve, in acquiring a bottle of pure old Highland malt whisky out of a pot still."

It was a moment of primordial wonder. The ship who had been my opponent returned his eye and his eyes shone in the candlelight even more noticeably than in the full light of day, for to him in courtesy was handed the tin drum. "Brothers," he began, "What's the true spirit?" And for a short while we were brought among our ancestors, the brotherhood of herring men, and the quintessence of it all warmed in the cup in his hand. Beyond the door of the hut the tall pines stood still and the frosty sky was evening-blue and remote and benighted.



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PRO FOOTBALL: DEATH TO THE TIE

Sirs:

Now that pro football fans have tasted the sweet suspense of "sudden death" overtime (31, Jan. 5 & 19), why don't the rulemakers get together quickly and make overtime play to a decision a permanent part of all football—high school, college and professional? The games are for the birds.

GERALD J. WISPERT

Detroit

SPORTSMAN OF THE YEAR (CONT.)

Sirs:

Great as was Ruler Johnson's triumph in Mexico, perhaps even greater was the success he scored on his little-published tour for the State Department during the summer of 1955. While in Pakistan I was privileged to have Ruler spend three days with me in the schools of Karachi as he passed through on his Asian tourlet. Whether speaking to groups of teachers and college students, staging demonstrations for hundreds of barefoot Pakistan high school youngsters on the playgrounds, or good-naturedly kidding with the crowds of curious urduins who always followed us in the bazaar and streets, he was a perfect ambassador of good will for the U.S. His sincere, friendly, unaffected manner and his willingness to do anything asked of him made a tremendous impression on everyone.

Though his knee was bothering him at the time and the climate and diet were certainly far from conducive to athletic performance, he unhesitatingly agreed to demonstrate most of his events—even football. He played volleyball with the students and took part in a football game—all at the risk of further aggravating his injury.

The really remarkable thing was that at that time Ruler's name was not well known in Pakistan. He captivated the people not because of his reputation but through the quiet form of his personality.

Hail to Ruler Johnson—not only a real American sportsman but an outstanding member of the human race! If we could only send ambassadors like Ruler to every country in the world, the prestige of the U.S. would rise to an all-time high.

DICK LUCY

Track Coach, Memorial H. S.,
Pelham, N.Y.

SKATING: FUN FOR ALL

Sirs:

Congratulations on your latest right inside scoop for the whole family. I am referring, of course, to the two-part article by Maribel Vinson on figure skating (31, Dec. 22 & Jan. 5).

The text by Mary Snow and the drawings by Robert Riger are so easy to follow that even this mother was inspired to try a shaky leg on the frozen ponds. Father and four lively children are enthusiastically deep in Mohawks and crouches.

Let's have some more of these illustrated fundamentals of sports that all the family can actually try out step by step. They build our appreciation of a sport and encourage our participation.

Miss. Edward J. Kestenes

West Harwich, Mass.



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Pat on the Back



CLYDE LITTLEFIELD

'What counts are the friends'

It is now nearly five decades since Clyde Littlefield was the football, basketball and track hero at the University of Texas. He lettered 12 times—a record never equaled at Austin—and played on eight unbeaten teams.

In 1929 Littlefield returned to Austin to coach track, and since then his name has become synonymous with the great University of Texas teams that have won a total of 23 Southwest Conference championships, produced such runners as Charley Parker,

Charley Thomas, Eddie Southern.

In recognition, the other night, came a proud moment of tribute. At a dinner in Dallas, Coach Littlefield was made a member of the Texas Sports Hall of Fame.

At such nostalgic times, Clyde Littlefield, a man of old-fashioned equanimity, speaks with feeling about the sport and the men: "Honors are fine for a coach, but really what counts are the friends and the achievements made by the boys he has coached."

Vive la French Cuff... dashing new brim-edge idea on Dobbs Rainbow

Our Dobbs stylist has created a most unusual felt style note... a fabric trim on the brim. Very handsome, indeed. He's matched it to the exclusive Dobbs Rainbow band and called it a French Cuff. Then, for a colorful touch, he added an authentic Rainbow trout fly ornament. The total effect... definitely dashing! decidedly debonair.

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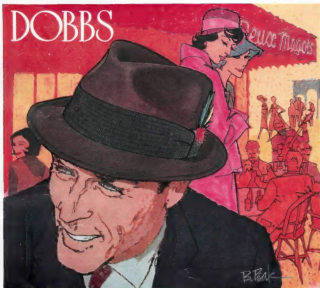
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Dobbs French Cuff Rainbows in a smart new tapered telescope crown style. Shown here in lustreless soft Boston finish. Wilton in the color. \$15.00.



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